

# THE NAPAN

Vol. XLVII] No 51 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANA

## Robert Light

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber,  
Lath,  
Shingles,  
Cedar Posts and Stakes,  
Patent Roofing,  
Hardwood Flooring.

Doors,  
Sash,  
Blinds,  
Mouldings,  
Verandah Columns,  
Stairs and Brackets,  
and Interior Finish.

Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

## THE SANCY DIAMOND

Legend of Louis de Berquem and  
the Celebrated Gem.

### A NIGHT LAMP FOR A KING.

Checked Career of the Brilliant Stone  
After the Death of Charles the Timid.  
Some Facts About the Invention of  
Diamond Cutting.

Louis de Berquem, says tradition, was a poor jeweler's workman, but he fell in love with the daughter of a wealthy jeweler. This avaricious father would not give his daughter in marriage to any man not possessed of gold. Louis, having neither "expectations" from relatives nor favor at court, sought to make his fortune. He had often heard the father of his beloved remark that the man who discovered a method of cutting diamonds would become very wealthy, for up to that time they knew nothing more than to scrape off the gravel, and the diamond was left in its native state. Neither lime, fire nor the mill could affect the diamond.

After many investigations and deep thought Louis bethought himself that iron is fashioned with steel, which is only hardened iron, and it occurred to him that perhaps the diamond would yield to the diamond. He made an experiment, which was at once crowned with success.

A few days later he presented himself before the rich jeweler with two diamonds cut into facets. He obtained the hand he sought and amassed a great fortune by his secret, which he divulged only after he had become wealthy.

King Charles the Timid was the principal customer of Louis de Berquem. The fastidious enemy of Louis XI. then possessed a large diamond, since become celebrated, accounted among the finest of precious stones. But this diamond was ill shapen, and the fires which it held burned in vain.

Louis de Berquem cut and polished this stone, and nothing could equal the joy of Charles the Timid when the jeweler brought him the great diamond, so glittering with light that it lit up the darkness, and this to such an extent that the prince said, "It will serve me as a night lamp." Berquem received 5,000 ducats for his work.

As for the diamond, this is the one which was found in January, 1477, on the body of Charles the Timid after the battle of Nancy. A soldier picked it up, sold it for one gold piece to a priest, who in turn sold it for three pieces of gold to a merchant, who took it to the Duke of Florence.

From the hands of this prince it passed into the possession of the King of Portugal. He sold it for 70,000 francs to one of the companions of Henri III., Nicholas de Harlay, Baron of Sancy. Since this time the first large diamond to be cut is known as "the Sancy."

## DANGERS OF TYPHOID WORSE THAN SMALLPOX

That typhoid is a greater cause for alarm than smallpox was the expression of Dr. Hodgetts, provincial health officer, in handing out a tabulation of the deaths in Ontario for the month of October.

There were 123 deaths from typhoid reported in the province, as against 50 in the corresponding month last year.

It is evident that people are prepared to drink water flavored with sewage rather than take adequate precautions for the protection of their water supply, he said. "The public good would over a scare of smallpox, yet there was an average of four deaths a day from typhoid and not a single death from smallpox, the 50 cases were reported."

Returns from 718 division registrars show an increase in smallpox, scarlet fever, diphtheria and typhoid over the corresponding month last year. The 50 cases of smallpox were in the Counties of Elgin, Bruce, Frontenac, Grey, Simcoe, Waterloo, York and Peterborough.

Fifteen municipalities were visited with the disease, and Dr. Hodgetts says these municipalities are losing money, thru the loss of trade to their merchants on account of laxity in employing the only real safeguard, "vaccination." He admitted that anti-vaccination was gaining ground, and he deplored this. In his opinion the city of Kingston had been subjected to a loss of \$50,000 in the last few weeks on this account.

While scarlet fever returns show an increase of over 100 cases over October, 1907, there was only one death more. Of the 318 cases of diphtheria, 14 deaths occurred. The total deaths from all causes were 2328, making a death rate of 13.8 per cent, in 1900, representing a population of 2,012,000.

Disease	1908		1907	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
Measles.....	13	1	39	2
Smallpox.....	50	0	34	0
Scarlet fever.....	315	7	210	6
Diphtheria.....	318	44	228	25
Whooping Cough.....	51	14	53	11
Typhoid.....	500	123	234	54
Tuberculosis.....	141	137	163	157
	1,388	326	962	251

### Cod Liver Oil Emulsion.

Howard's Emulsion contains fully 50 per cent, pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, and is one of the best Emulsions made, not only that, but it is put up in 25 cent trial sizes. We also have Howard's Pure Oil in 25 cent bottles at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

### LEGAL NEWS

#### HIGH COURT.

Non Jury sitting of the High Court of Justice opened at the Court House, on Monday, Nov. 30th, at 1 p. m., His Lordship, Mr. Justice Clute, presiding. There was only one case tried viz:

Maracle vs Taylor.—This action was brought by Lawrence Wm. Maracle, an infant, who sued by his next friend, Chas. D. Maracle, Robt. Taylor, who is the proprietor and manager of the brick yard on the south side of the river, known as the Whittington brick yard. The action was for damages caused by the negligence of the defendant in the management of his brick machine whereby the plaintiff lost two fingers of his right hand. Judgment for plaintiff for \$800 and costs. W. S. Herrington, K. C. for plaintiff, John English for defendant.

## Public Health Notice (Boil the Water.)

For many reasons a number of wells in the town are contaminated and the water in them is totally unfit for use unless it is first boiled. The Board of Health therefore wishes to give notice that all well water should be boiled before being used. The Board also wishes to notify the physicians in the town that all cases of typhoid fever, attended by them must be reported promptly to the Secretary of the Board, and also the source of the infection, where it is possible to locate it, in order that the matter may be investigated.

P. GLEESON,

Chairman Board of Health

Dated Nov. 19th, 1908. 49c

## Public Health Notice (Small-Pox)

The attention of the public is hereby called to the prevalence of smallpox in the City of Kingston and as a precautionary measure against the spread of the contagion to Napanee and the vicinity, the Board of Health wishes to give notice that the greatest care should be exercised in visiting the infected district, and as a further precautionary measure, the Board would also recommend that all those who have not been vaccinated in recent years, be vaccinated without delay.

P. GLEESON,

Chairman Board of Health

Dated Nov. 17th, 1908. 49c

## GOOD SALARIES

Go Only to the Well-Trained.

Our graduates are to be found in the best mercantile, banking and professional offices in the Dominion. Catalog and beautiful Xmas

## Cycle Skates Automobile Skates.

positively the strongest and lightest skates made. Repair parts for all makes of skates, skates ground at any time.

ALL KINDS OF SAWS GUMMED AND FILED

Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.

W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

## OPPORTUNITY.

KINGSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE Limited.

KINGSTON, CANADA,

25th Year.

Canada's Leading Business School. Practical, Progressive, Permanent. Book keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Civil Service.

Special rates to the first twenty-five registering for the Fall or Winter term. Write or call for particulars

H. F. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,  
President. Secretary.

Eyes  
Tested

**Eyes**  
Tested  
Free.

**EXPERT OPTICIAN**

**Newest  
Frames.**

**F. CHINNECK'S**

Jewellery Store.

Near Royal Hotel.  
Good Quality Store.

**Christmas**

is only a short way off. We are ready for  
this festive season with the finest line of

**Christmas Goods**

we have ever had.—This year one of our  
specialties is

**BOOKS**

and what makes a better Christmas  
Present.

In Poets we excel.—In sets of standard  
fiction we have a lovely line.—In de luxe  
editions of favorites in fiction, literature,  
poetry, etc., we have never been so largely  
stocked.—In Art Papereries we have a  
magnificent line, while our line of Fancy  
Goods, Purse, Fine China and similar  
lines are such as to appeal to all.

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

**A. E. PAUL**

The Wallpaper Man.

Next Cambridge.

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

Public Notice is hereby given that the  
Council of the Municipality of Denbigh,  
Abinger and Ashby, in the County of Len-  
nox and Addington, at their next meeting,  
to be held at the Denbigh House, on  
SATURDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF  
DECEMBER next, intend to pass a by-  
law authorizing them to sell the unused  
road allowances crossing or adjoining lots  
number thirty-four in the seventh, eighth,  
and ninth concessions of the Township of  
Denbigh, and lots number one in the  
seventh, eighth and ninth concession of  
the township of Ashby.

Any persons objecting to the sale of said  
road allowances will have to file their objec-  
tions with the undersigned on or before  
the Fourth day of December, 1908.

Dated at Denbigh this 4th day of Nov.  
A. D., 1908.

PAUL STEIN,

Clerk Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby

For Heaves in Horses.

Red Cross Heave Cure, will relieve  
quickly and finally effect a cure. 15c  
a quarter pound at Wallace's Drug  
Store.

**GOOD SALARIES**

Go Only to the Well-Trained.

Our graduates are to be found in the best  
mercantile, banking and professional offices in  
the Dominion. Catalogue and beautiful Xmas  
calendar sent free on request.

**Frontenac  
Business College**

Kingston, Ont.

Winter term opens January 4th 1909.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Prin.

**TO MY WALLPAPER  
FRIENDS AND  
CUSTOMERS.**

I wish to thank you for your past  
patronage and hope that if I have given  
you good satisfaction and you are satisfied  
with my WALL PAPERS in regard to  
Fast Colors and the length of rolls, and  
the way that I have served you, I hope  
that I will see all your smiling faces at my  
store looking for Lloyd's Wallpapers, as  
they are the best money can buy.

**JUST A WORD**

I have a good many Samples of 21 inch  
Paper, meaning a great saving, also

**I still sell the Border  
by the Roll.**

If you do not see my PAPERS you will be  
sorry when you see your neighbour's.

GOT AT

**LLOYD'S**  
OLD STAND.

**500 Oak Children's  
Savings Banks**

**TO BE GIVEN AWAY**

AT FISHER'S

**MUSIC :: STORE**

In order to make this store more widely  
known, we shall give away, to each pur-  
chaser of the value of 10c, an Oak Child's  
Savings Bank, neatly and strongly made.  
This offer is good from 8 a. m. on Tuesday  
the 15th inst., and will continue until the  
300 are given away.

No matter what you buy. Sheet Music,  
Post Cards, Stationery, Books, Pictures,  
Wallpapers and a host of other goods.

This is an advertising offer pure and  
simple, and there are only

**500 Savings Banks**

to be distributed, so those who come first  
will get them.

FISHER'S

**MUSIC :: STORE**

(Opposite Madill's)

A sample of "coal oil" analyzed at  
Neepawa, Man., was found to be made  
up of naphtha and gasoline.

**Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat**  
A Candy Approved Laxative.

It to the Duke of Florence.

From the hands of this prince it  
passed into the possession of the King  
of Portugal. He sold it for 70,000  
francs to one of the companions of  
Henri III., Nicholas de Harlay, Baron  
of Sancy. Since this time the first  
large diamond to be cut is known as  
"the Sancy."

This legend leads to other considera-  
tions of the cutting of diamonds as-  
cribed to Louis de Berquem at Brus-  
sels in 1465.

Hardly any one will assert boldly  
that no diamonds were cut before that  
date, but it is reasonable to suppose  
that Louis de Berquem regulated cut-  
ting by arranging the facets.

Long before the birth of Louis de  
Berquem cutting was known in India.  
Even in Europe we find among the  
treasures of the churches thick dia-  
monds cut into table and cabnet. The  
upper sides beaten into sections. In  
1330, according to the inventory of the  
jewels of Louis, duke of Anjou, is  
found an entire series of cut diamonds.  
There is mention of a flat diamond  
with six sides, of a heart shaped dia-  
mond, of a diamond with eight sides,  
of a lozenge shaped diamond, of a dia-  
mond pointed on four sides and of a  
reliquary in which was set a diamond  
cut in the shape of a shield.

History informs us that 150 years  
before the first work of Louis de Ber-  
quem there were at Paris, at the cor-  
ner of the Corroyerie, several diamond  
cutters.

The Duke of Burgundy, after a fas-  
tidious repast given at the Louvre to  
the king and the French court in 1403,  
offered to his noble guests eleven dia-  
monds estimated to be worth 786  
pieces of gold, the money of the pe-  
riod.

It is hardly possible to suppose that  
these were uncut diamonds; all of  
which goes to prove, notwithstanding  
some opinions, that Louis de Berquem  
did not invent the process of diamond  
cutting.

It is no less interesting to follow the  
fortunes of the Sancy a little further.  
It remained in the Sancy family some  
time, and Henri III. took it from  
them. It was destined to serve as a  
pledge for the raising of a body of  
Swiss soldiers, but the servant intrusted  
with bringing this diamond to the  
king was attacked, put to death, and  
the diamond was thought to be lost.  
Finally it was discovered that the  
servant had been assassinated in the  
forest of Dole and through the care  
of the price had been buried in the  
village cemetery. Then the Baron de  
Sancy resolved that the diamond must  
not be lost. In fact, they found it in  
the stomach of the hapless, faithful  
servant, who swallowed it at the mo-  
ment that he fell. According to the  
inventory of 1791 the Sancy weighed  
33 3/4 carats.

It disappeared in 1792 to reappear in  
Russia. Its value is estimated at a  
million francs. Before the revolution  
it was among the French crown jew-  
els.—New York World.

Silence is sometimes the severest  
criticism.—Baxter.

**AT SUFFERERS' SHRINE.**

**Thousands of Pilgrims Almost Mirac-  
ulously Healed by South Am-  
erican Nervine.**

"For years I was distressed with  
dyspepsia and indigestion, physicians  
and remedies could give me but tem-  
porary relief until South American  
Nervine was recommended to me. I  
procured a bottle and got great relief  
from the first few doses. The swelling  
and soreness in my stomach rapidly  
disappeared, and in a very short  
time I was absolutely cured. It has  
brought robust health." Thomas  
Sullivan, Arnprior, Ont. (28)

**South American Rheumatic Cure re-  
lieves in six hours.**

Sold by T. B. Wallace

the proprietor and manager of the  
brick yard on the south side of the  
river, known as the Whittington brick  
yard. The action was for damages  
caused by the negligence of the defend-  
ant in the management of his brick  
machine whereby the plaintiff lost two  
fingers of his right hand. Judgment  
for plaintiff for \$100 and costs. W.  
S. Herrington, K. C. for plaintiff, John  
English for defendant.

COUNTY COURT.

County Court and general sessions  
of the Peace opens at the court house,  
on Tuesday next the 8th inst., at 1  
o'clock p. m., before His Honor Judge  
Madden. There is no criminal busi-  
ness so the services of the grand and  
petit juries will be dispensed with.  
The following civil cases have been en-  
tered to be heard without a jury:

Gallagher vs Lennox and Adding-  
ton—An action brought by Edward  
Gallagher against the County of Len-  
nox and Addington, to recover dam-  
ages for the loss of a horse injured in  
the public highway, in Fredericks-  
burgh, in March last. Herrington,  
Warner & Grange for plaintiff, W. G.  
Wilson for defendant.

Hoover vs Detlor—An action for  
damages, for unlawful and excessive  
seizure of the plaintiff's goods and un-  
lawful detention of the same. Herr-  
ington, Warner & Grange for plaintiff,  
W. G. Wilson for defendant.

Miller vs Castiday and Detlor—An  
action for \$200 damages and to set  
aside a certain bill of sale from the de-  
fendant, Castiday, to the defendant,  
Detlor, Herrington, Warner & Grange  
for plaintiff, W. G. Wilson for defend-  
ant.

Asselstine vs Finn—An action for  
one hundred and seventy four dollars  
and sixty cents, being the balance of  
principal and interest due under a  
covenant in a chattel mortgage from  
the defendant to the plaintiff. W. G.  
Wilson for plaintiff, Herrington,  
Warner & Grange for defendant.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat  
ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene  
tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

**NEWBURGH.**

The Salvation Army social given  
here last week was a decided success.  
Another one will be given some time  
in January.

The revival services being held here  
in the Methodist church are doing con-  
siderable good. The services will be  
continued for two more weeks.

The fire engine sent here by the On-  
tario Wind & Power Co., has been  
tested under the management of a re-  
presentative of the company, and  
found successful. For a hand engine  
it is very powerful. It will throw a  
stream fifty feet in the air.

Last Friday, the Stork in passing  
this way, made two stops, leaving a  
little girl for Mrs. L. Kelly, and an-  
other for Mrs. Harrington.

Mr. Drury has had a well drilled in  
his yard. Both he and Mr. Shorts  
have pumps in now. This will be very  
convenient for this street, as the  
drinking water has always had to be  
carried several blocks.

Mr. C. Short's house looks like a new  
one since he has had it painted and a  
new roof put on.

The water in the river has raised  
quite considerable in the last week,  
making the water power much better  
than it was.

Miss Glad Madden and Mr. Russell  
Conway spent Sunday with Mrs. Geo-  
rgie Fox, Russell's sister.

Mr. Harvey, from Deseronto, will  
soon be through with the cement  
block buildings. He is going to build  
a concrete flume for Finkle's wood-  
shop. It will be about 106 feet long  
and 30 inches square, this flume is re-  
quired for the new water wheel.

The Woman's Hospital Aid Society  
is arranging to give an At Home at  
the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. R.  
Young, Centre street, on the afternoon  
of December 8th. Please keep this  
date free and come and bring your  
friends. Silver collection.

**CASTORIA.**

Bears the  
Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Chas. H. Plitters

# FREE EXPRESS.

ANADA—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4th 1908

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

## Come to a Man's Store

—FOR A—

### MAN'S THINGS

Let us show you what he'd like for Christmas. Here are a few items.

<b>A Suit</b>	<b>Umbrella</b>
<b>Overcoat</b>	<b>Caps and Hats</b>
<b>Rain Coat</b>	<b>Shirts</b>
<b>Night Robe</b>	<b>Gloves</b>
<b>Sweater</b>	<b>Hosiery</b>
<b>Underwear</b>	<b>Muffler</b>
<b>Handkerchiefs</b>	<b>Ties</b>
<b>Suspenders</b>	<b>Cardigan Jackets</b>

Feels like a cold snap coming, don't you think its about time you bought a winter Overcoat, Heavy Pea Jacket, or Suit.

We carry an immense range made by the best makers in Canada. Our prices are the lowest, "quality considered."

## J. L. BOYES,

### BICKNELL'S CORNERS

M. MacDonald's bee was well attended.

John Simmons and son, Wesley, made a business trip to Napanee.

Miss Wilson has commenced practicing the school children for a concert.

Mr. and Mrs. John Emberly, Yarker, visited their son, Alva Emberly, on Wednesday last.

Several from around here attended the sale at Mr. Hartman's.

Mr. Steadman, of Camden East, loaded a car of potatoes on Thursday.

Sleigh bells, Shaft gongs, Horse blankets, Mitts, Gloves at

BOYLE & SON.

### CENTREVILLE.

The farmer have taken advantage of the fine weather the past week or so and completed their fall ploughing.

Geo. McFarlane opened up his store on Dec 1st.

Mr. A. Milligan has started his hay press to work again, hay being more plentiful in this district than it was last year.

The party given in the hall on Wednesday evening last, was a grand success.

Mr. Wm Fitzgerald has the wall under his dwelling about completed.

Rumor says a wedding soon.

Mr. James Reid, being appointed Registrar, will soon be leaving us.

His son, Stanley, returned from Toronto last week, where he has been in the employ of the Provincial Government for the past two years.

## NEWS NOTES.

The Kingston City Council will be asked to submit a license reduction by-law to the people.

Constable Wilking of Simcoe was shot by Chief of Police Malone, and is in a critical condition.

The last section of the eastern division of the new Transcontinental railway to be placed under contract is one of 204 miles through the clay belt of New Ontario. This portion of the line will be built by the Messrs. Davis, who signed the contract last week.

Helen M. Jackson, of Bloomfield, Ont., has been arrested at Rochester on a charge of larceny.

Tuesday of this week, Mrs. Alexander Ross, of Cornwall, celebrated her 103rd birthday with her daughter. The old lady is quite smart.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier will sit in Quebec East, thus involving a bye-election in Ottawa. It is not likely the Conservatives will nominate a Candidate.

The statement is made that the Conservatives will protest thirty-three out of the thirty-seven seats won by the supporters of the Government in Ontario.

Bitterly cold weather is reported in the west. At Esterhazy, Sask., Robert Mack, a C. P. R. section foreman, was found frozen to death beside the track.

The Council of Kenora is investigating the reported death of a hospital patient from black diphtheria, contracted from another patient, whose case was not properly diagnosed before his admission.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 29.—(Special) That the sanitary act will be strictly enforced the coming season is the warning to dairymen and cheesemakers by G. G. Pablow, chief inspector for eastern Ontario.

A Montreal lady was robbed of \$1000.00 while out on a shopping tour one day last week. Napanee ladies will please take warning and keep a tight grip on their purses while making the rounds of our stores.

Lord Roberts declares that Germany could with ease land an invading army in England. Napoleon realized that landing an army in England would be an easy task, but he found that the difficulty would be to get it out again.

A rich find has been made in the zinc mines of James Richardson & Sons at Long Lake, in Frontenac county. A vein 800 feet long and from one foot to four and a half feet in width, of good clear zinc, has been struck, the best yet found in the district.

Walter Cole, a sixteen-year-old Deseronto boy, who has been doing some distance running, is out with a challenge to run Willie Crapper, the Toronto distance running boy, any distance from three to ten miles. Cole is registered with the C. A. A. U., and will meet Crapper if he is registered. C. C. Knox is looking after Cole.

Within the last thirty years, exclusive of 1908, 1,950 persons are known to have perished on this continent in forest fires or fires caused by burning forests. The list of deaths for 1908 numbers at least 200, and may be larger. The average annual loss of life from this cause is thus seventy-two.

Pictou Dec 2.—A thrashing machine accident occurred this afternoon on the farm of Frank Hyatt. The victim was Alfred Fenemore, aged 50, and married. The men were just finishing

## NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafeo and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,**

**Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,**

**Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile**

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**

When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

## DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafeo's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

## AGENTS WANTED

To canvas your own Neighborhood.

## Make Some Money

in your spare time.

For particulars apply

**BOX 622, NAPANEE.**

**DESIRABLE FARMS FOR SALE—**Choice Lands, Fine Buildings, all sizes. Some of these are near town. For immediate sale will sell below their real value. Call or write for full information.

W. G. H. BROWN,  
Real Estate Agent  
Office, opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee. 38tr

## AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of the late Emily Storms,

**WILTON,**

at 1 p. m. on

**Tuesday, December 15th**

all of the real and personal estate of the said Emily Storms, deceased.

**BYARD B. SHIBLEY,**

Administrator.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

In the estate of Emily Ann Storms, spinster, deceased.

No ice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 53, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Emily Ann Storms, of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, spinster, deceased, who died on or about the 2nd day of November, A.D. 1908, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington Warner & Co., Napanee, Ont.,

## Special Announcement!

**Closing Out Kid Gloves.**

We are closing out the Glove Department. Kid Gloves in both long and short lengths at a price. It will pay you to see them.

### HANDKERCHIEFS

The popularity of handkerchiefs for gift giving grows every Xmas more apparent. Our stock satisfies your wish whatever that may be. We carry a range from 50 to 75c each.

Ladies' Waists in Black and Ecor lined throughout with silk—Mousquetairesleeves. Novelties in Ladies' Collars, Belts, Back Combs, Hand Bags, etc.

**The Leading Millinery House.**

## DOXSEE & CO.

**D. R. BENSON**

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

## ALBERT COLLEGE,

BELLEVEILLE, ONT.

### SCHOOL OF FINANCE.

is now one of the leading schools of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS. \$54.00 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for twelve weeks—longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire school year. A staff of experienced specialist instructors.



Mr. Wm. Fitzgerald was under his dwelling about completed. Rumor says a wedding soon.

Mr. James Reid, being appointed Registrar, will soon be leaving us. His son, Stanley, returned from Toronto last week, where he has been in the employ of the Provincial Government for the past two years.

Cutting fire wood is now the order of the day.

#### STRATHCONA

The weather continues very fine in this vicinity, with plenty of rain to supply the farmers' wants.

Mr. G. S. Madden has returned home from the West to be at the bedside of his aged father, who is very ill, having reached the age of 87 years.

A number from here attend the revival services, which are being successfully carried on by Rev. M. Sexsmith.

Miss Mabel Finlay and Arthur Rose were chosen as delegates to represent Strathcona Methodist Sunday school at the county convention, to be held in Nanawee Dec. 3rd.

George Finlay and his sister, Lizzie, spent Sunday in Violet.

Mrs. Bradley, of Odessa, is the guest of Mrs. Robert Shetler.

Mr. A. A. Sutton has purchased Miss M. J. Jackson's farm on the Newburgh Road, and will take possession the first of March.

Wm. Sutton will move on his farm here.

Robert Shetler has his new house finished.

Mr. C. E. Lake intends giving up his position as station agent and going to Peterboro.

The new pastor of St. Jude's Church was calling on his people at this appointment.

Mr. Ed Rook has recovered from his recent illness.

#### In Everybody's Mouth.

Myrrh Tooth paste or Wallace's (be sure it's Wallace's) tooth powder, should be used in everybody's mouth. They clean the teeth and filling too. Ask to see the tooth brush with bristle that won't come out, at Wallace's Drug Store.

#### SHARPTON

The fine open weather is much appreciated.

D. Karn received word of the death of his uncle, John Karn, a pioneer resident of the Tamworth district.

Miss Loretta McCormick, who has been ill, is better.

There was a surprise party at Mr. Vanorder's last night. Dancing was indulged in.

Mr. Revella has leased the Smith farm which Messrs. Walker and Babcock vacate, the former moving to Desert Lake, the latter to Verona.

Mrs. Lemmon, a former resident is renewing old acquaintances.

Is said that all the cheese factories will be closed in November.

Israel Walker has moved in with his son, Frederick.

Belleville, Ont., Dec. 1.—Messrs. William Hill, John McGean and Fred Stewart, of the government fish hatchery have completed the work of securing whitefish spawn for the hatchery there under the supervision of J. M. Hurley, fishery inspector for Eastern Ontario, over 40,000,000 spawn being secured. Several crates were sent forward every day for the past three weeks. This is the largest amount of spawn ever secured and it has taxed the capacity of the hatchery. Seven seins were at work and out of nearly 40,000 fish secured not over 100 were destroyed, this being the best record in years. The fish were secured at Telegraph Island Station near Deseronto and at Point Ann Station, and will be distributed in the various lakes throughout the province. Mr. Hurley is being highly complimented on his great results.

numbers at least 200, and may be larger. The average annual loss of life from this cause is thus seventy-two.

Pictou Dec. 2.—A thrashing machine accident occurred this afternoon on the farm of Frank Hyatt. The victim was Alfred Femenore, aged 50, and married. The men were just finishing thrashing and were clearing up, when Femenore stepped across the canvas, and his leg went through and the knives cut the leg off just above the knee.

In New York, on Saturday, a performing elephant at the Hippodrome, frightened by a tiny tame pig, broke loose and ran amuck through the city, plunged through a tenement house and rampaged through backyard fences before the keeper could catch up. Then she refused to leave the wreck where she was brought to a halt, but when three other elephants were led to the scene the big beast became as tractable as a kitten and the four were driven back to the Hippodrome.

Belleville Ill., Nov. 28.—A new turn was given to the mystery which has surrounded the death of Peter Waeitz, 61 years old, whose body was found at the foot of a stairway here last Sunday, when Miss Nellie Morton, 17 years old, confessed to the police last night that she sat watching the old man sink into unconsciousness, while her sweetheart, Sydney Baker, held a chloroformed handkerchief to his face. Baker is a photographer, and Miss Morton is in his employ. A warrant has been issued against Baker, charging him with murder, and the girl is held pending investigation. Baker has not yet been found. Waeitz was a well-to-do farmer, and when last seen by his friends had \$75 with him.

#### LONGBOAT TO MARRY.

Deseronto Tribune.

A wedding ceremony of more than ordinary interest is to take place some time toward the latter end of December, when Miss Loretta Maracle, one of the young ladies of Tyendinaga Reserve, will become the bride of Tom Longboat, the Onondaga runner who has made for himself a world-wide reputation in sporting circles, and whose every movement is chronicled with as much assiduity as are those of the most exalted in the land.

There is a tinge of romance in this engagement showing that the ways of Eros, the god of love, are beyond the ken of the prosaic ones. Longboat came to Deseronto, and was the guest of John A. Loft. During his visit here he became enamored of Miss Maracle. He pushed his suit energetically, with the result as stated above.

Tom's manager, Mr. Flanagan, is enthusiastic and delighted. He said "I am delighted that Tom is to be married. The only thing that I was anxious about was that he get a good woman. Miss Maracle is of a most respectable family, and they are desperately in love with each other. I have persuaded them to get married in Toronto, and we will give them a good send-off." Mr. Flanagan intends asking the city authorities to give the \$200 set apart for Tom's education and will try and persuade Hugh Graham, proprietor of the Montreal Star, to donate the \$200 he promised Tom if he would remain in the amateur ranks.

Would it not be better to have the marriage ceremony take place at Christ Church Tyendinaga Reserve, so that the numerous friends of the bride could attend to do honor to the young couple on the most auspicious occasion of their lives? If it takes place in Toronto, she will be among strangers with scarcely a familiar face, whereas if it is performed in the church where she has always been a regular attendant her friends will have a chance to attend.

#### A Good Fountain Pen.

The Parker Pen (the lucky curve) is undoubtedly one of the best Fountain pens made. We are showing the largest assortment of fountain pens in Nanawee at Wallace's Drug Store.

No fee is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 48, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Emily Ann Storms, late of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, spinster, deceased, who died on or about the 2nd day of November, A.D. 1908, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington Warner & Grange, Nanawee, Ont., Solicitors for Byard North Shiller, administrator, of the estate of the said Emily Ann Storms, deceased, on or before the 10th DAY OF JANUARY, A.D. 1909, their claims and demands, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands, duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 10th day of January, A.D. 1909, the said administrator will be at liberty to distribute the assets of said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he has not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Herrington, Warner & Grange,  
Solicitors for the said administrator.  
Dated the 1st day of December, 1908.

#### Application to Parliament.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the next session thereof for an Act to incorporate a Company to be known as The Lennox and Addington Electric Railway Company, for the purpose of constructing and operating by electricity or other motive power, except steam, from some point in or near the Township of Cornwall to a point in or near the City of Toronto, passing through the Townships of Cornwall, Ganaraska, Williamsburgh, Matilda, Edwardsburgh, Augusta, Elizabeth town, Yonge, Escott, Lansdown, Leeds, Pittsburgh, Kingston, Ernestown, North Fredericksburgh, Richmond, Tyendinaga, Thurlow, Sidney, Murray, Brighton, Gramercy, Haldimand, Hamilton, Hope, Chalk, Darlington, East Whitby, West Whitby, Pickering, Scarborough, East York, and West York, and in its course said Townships passing through or touching at any or all of the various incorporated cities, towns and villages lying in its route, and also from a point in or near the city of Ottawa to a point in or near the city of Brantville, and connecting with the above line and passing through the Townships of Nepean, North Gower, Marlborough, Oxford, Wolford, Augusta, Montague, North and South Elmsley, Kitley, Yonge and Elizabethtown, and in its course through said Townships, passing through or touching at any or all of the various incorporated towns and villages lying in its route, with power to build branches or extensions from the said main lines, not exceeding in each case thirty miles, such branches not to extend beyond the limits of the Counties in which the aforesaid Townships are situated, and to issue bonds to the extent of twenty-five thousand dollars per mile of railway.

HENRY F. HOLLAND,  
Solicitor for Applicants.  
Dated at Cobourg this 2nd day of November, 1908.

Read the W. A. Rose Co add in local news if you are interested.

**Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat**  
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

### THE NORTHERN CROWN BANK.

With 78 Branches in Canada,—52 in the West,—The Northern Crown Bank has exceptional facilities for handling the business of Farmers, Cattlemen, Grain Dealers and Retail Merchants, as well as that of Manufacturers and Wholesale Houses whose dealings extend throughout the country.

#### Interest Paid Quarterly on Savings Accounts.

Nanawee Branch, R. G. H. TRAVERS, Manager,	Odessa Branch, A. P. S. DONALDSON, Manager.
Enterprise Branch, W. F. MORGAN DEAN, Act'g. Mgr.	Bath Branch, W. GORDON, Act'g. Mgr.

BELLEVIEW, ONT.

#### SCHOOL OF FINANCE.

is now one of the leading schools of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS.  
\$34.50 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for twelve weeks—longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire school year.  
A staff of experienced specialist give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, and for Commercial Specialists.

Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers' Courses, Elocution, Fine Art, Physical Culture.

College reopens Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1908.  
For Illustrated Calendar, address  
PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.,  
Belleville, Ont.

#### THE - DOMINION - BANK NANAWEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL ..... \$3,762,000  
SURPLUS ..... 4,739,000  
TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC  
OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account  
Every Three Months.

**DUDLEY L. HILL,**  
Acting Manager, Nanawee Branch.

#### MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA. ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000,  
RESERVE \$4,000,000  
UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.  
E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

#### Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same.  
Interest payable quarterly, on the last days of February, May, August and November.  
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Nanawee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.  
Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.





DOLL'S OUTFIT

## Laying Beauty Foundations—A Maternal Duty

"WHAT a perfect dear!" exclaims an admiring caller as the baby girl is brought forth for inspection.

"Yes, the doctor says her features are almost perfect," replies the complacent mamma, as she hands Miss Baby back to the nurse. "You know my great-grandmother was a famous beauty and my grandmother was a southern belle, so baby comes by her beauty naturally."

Having done her duty by providing her little daughter with beautiful ancestors, the pretty mother resumes her

task of letting baby form this ugly habit because a baby that sucks its thumb is always good natured!

A third baby lay asleep on its back, with its mouth wide open, its fists flung up above its head. This child must have passed its first birthday by several months, yet obviously the mother saw no harm in her sleeping in this unhygienic position and with the mouth wide open. Perhaps by merely turning the child on its side and lowering the little arms, the mouth might have been closed. If not, then the child needed the attention of a physician.

## Pertinent Suggestions for Christmas

WE HAVE reached the point where there are actually styles in Christmas gifts. In fact, the Christmas present can be as modish as the new gown worn at the holiday collation or it can be as hopelessly behind the times.

We can all remember the Christmas when nearly every member of the family, however large, received a padded coat hanger. Then came a craze for bags. This year there seems to be less of a run on any one thing, but nevertheless you can keep your gift-sewing strictly up to date.

Even in dressing dolls, making aprons, concocting hand-wrought lingerie, there are styles and styles, and that is just why we are offering to-day some signs for doll raiment, lingerie, dress accessories and neckwear, all tuned up to the very hour, the very moment. Incidentally do not forget that the chosen fabrics of the day have a satiny finish, that shiny things like rhinestones are in vogue, and that faded colorings, such as ashes of this and dregs of that, are preferred to the gayer hues.

Every mother, or auntie, or indeed anyone who has a little girl on her list will be delighted with the chic little costume for a lady doll which we show to-day. The sewing box will be sure to contain scraps of dainty goods from which the costume can be evolved, but even if it should be necessary to buy new material the quantity required for both gown and coat would be three yards of medium width goods. Remember that the little girl wants her doll to be up-to-date, and it is better to make the dress of one goods and the coat of another. In spite of the apparent elaboration of this costume, it is really very simple, as the skirt is circular and could be cut all in one piece. The coat is also cut in one piece, absolutely without any seams. The trimming may be eliminated from the skirt and touches of bright banding put on the blouse only.

All children love the soft woolly animals that are now supplanting the dear little dollies to a great extent. They are particularly appropriate for the small boys in the family. The Buster Brown dog and the faithful old tabby are newer than the Teddy bear. The cat should be made of white plush or white "Teddy bear" cloth, which will be found in all department stores. If this involves too much expense, then cotton flannel in grey, white or yellow will answer the purpose. If the child is very young, white only should

be used, as he is apt to put the little beast in his mouth. It would take three-quarters of a yard of goods the width of flannel to make the cat. The dog could be made of brown plush if you want him to be a smart looking bulldog, or white flannel could also be used and brown and yellow spots painted on it. To stuff these animals old rags can be used, cotton batting or even excelsior. The love of animals is so deeply implanted in most children that no toy is so sure of a cordial welcome as one of these miniature beasts.

The set of scarfs and muffs which we show to-day will appeal to both the school girl and the girl who is through with college life. There are so many materials from which they can be made this year that the suggestion seems to be particularly practical. Not only can large sets of old furs be remodeled, but there are many cloths on the market which imitate fur exceedingly well. There is at present on the market a "pony skin cloth" that is so good an imitation of the real skin that I have known people to feel of it to make sure just what it was. Broad-tail plush is another material imitating fur. These sets can also be made of velvet or satin, trimmed with chiffon frills. The scarfs should be interlined with soft thin wadding, while the muffs should be stuffed with down. Either of these sets would make a most acceptable present for the outdoor girl.

For the stay-at-home girl the fancy apron is always a delight. For years we have all been wearing aprons with a band about the waist, but to-day we have something new in the princess model. The tucked model should be given to the thin girl, while the one with the plain front should go to her stout sister. Dotted Swiss and cross-barred dimity are the materials now

## Up-to-Date Trifles in the Shops

THE latest wrinkle in shoes is high boots of suede to match the gown.

In slippers, black patent leather with pink, blue, lilac or white suede, a quarter of an inch deep outlining the top.

In automobile veils, dull greys, browns and yellows of chiffon cloth with two-inch borders, the latter span-gled with gold or silver paillettes.

In net veils, white mesh with black spots, gathered under the chin into black satin ruch, which holds it about the throat.

In trimmings and bandings, cloth of gold strips embroidered in Persian colors.

In hand bags, tooled and embossed leather with Egyptian colorings and designs, made into long narrow bags on gold frames.

In bureau and sideboard scarfs, English eyelet work on very heavy white linen, with insets of Irish crochet and Irish edging to match, finished with tassels.

In neck chains, ropes of pearl, jade, coral and turquoise bead in graduated sizes, finished with loop tassels of tiny beads.

In rhinestone pins, a huge bowknot has supplanted the horseshoe design.

In hair ornaments, choux of tulle or maline, powdered with rhinestone beads and decorated with matching



PRACTICAL OUTDOOR SETS



WAIST ACCESSORIES



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pleasant mamma, as she hands this baby back to the nurse. "You know my great-grandmother was a famous beauty and my grandmother was a southern belle, so baby comes by her beauty naturally."

Having done her duty by providing her little daughter with beautiful ancestors, the pretty mother resumes her social life and leaves Babykins more or less to the mercies of a nurse, to whom she pays a liberal salary.

And right there starts the endangering of Miss Baby's beauty. The baby features, the baby expression, is so mobile that unintelligent care can mar the beautiful work of the Creator.

Even mothers who pride themselves on their devotion to their children and the fact that no ignorant nurse could ever invade the sacred precincts of the nursery, allow their children to form habits which fatally mar what might be an attractive if not a beautiful face.

For instance, the other afternoon, as I walked through the park when it was flooded with sunshine I was fairly appalled at the things more babies were doing.

Here was a dear little tot of a year lying face upward with the sun pouring straight into its unprotected eyes. No doubt it had the strength to roll over, but it did not know enough to do so. So, while the nurse sat watching about a ball she had attended the night before, Babykins lay there with her little face screwed up, her eyes squinting horribly, all her features distorted. Now, of course one's experience like this is not harrowing, but a nurse who is careless one day will be careless another. She may never have been warned against allowing the sun to shine directly into Miss Baby's tender eyes. At least, she flew into a rage when I spoke to her about it in a most courteous way.

Further down the line I found two mothers talking salad dressings while a little girl of twelve months lay in her car, sucking two fingers in a most peculiar position. The back of the hand was toward the baby's chin, the palm turned outward and the tips of the first two fingers thrust under the upper gums. Can you imagine how that child's upper jaw and teeth will protrude when she is older? Even scientific dental surgery may not cure the defect. And yet the mother insisted

have passed its first birthday by several months, yet obviously the mother saw no harm in her sleeping in this unhygienic position and with the mouth wide open. Perhaps by merely turning the child on its side and lowering the little arms, the mouth might have been closed. If not, then the child needed the attention of a physician. Open-mouth breathing frequently indicates the presence of adenoids in the throat, or catarrh, or some ailment which should be eradicated while the child is young.

The bow-legged children I counted that afternoon made my heart ache. One woman with whom I chatted actually said it did not make much difference with a girl—her skirts would cover the crooked legs! Just as if the first skirt created by Parisian modiste could make a bow-legged woman walk gracefully!

This shocking defect often comes from allowing a child to walk too soon. It is also caused by rickets, a bone disease for which a child should have immediate treatment. In this age of endowed clinics, excellently managed hospitals and expert surgery, there is absolutely no excuse for allowing a child to remain deformed. The excuse, which some parents offer, that they do not like to subject the child to the pain of an operation or wearing braces, is futile. The blow to the pride of that boy or girl when grown up will be a thousandfold worse than a few weeks of physical suffering now.

One thing in the mother of to-day which I have never been able to understand is the belief that all babies are more or less subject to diseases of the scalp. This idea belongs in the dark ages of motherhood. If a baby's scalp is diseased it means thin hair, and in the case of a girl the loss of her crowning glory, luxuriant locks. If dandruff or scales appear on the baby's head, try first of all pure olive oil. Rub the scalp gently with this, and allow it to stay on over night. When bathing the baby next day loosen the dandruff or scales by gently massaging the scalp, make a good lather with pure white soap, work this well into the scalp, rinse carefully many times with tepid water, and pat the scalp dry by the aid of soft old linen which has been warmed.

Do not dig at the baby's scalp with

needles. In neck chains, ropes of pearl, jade, coral and turquoise bead in graduated sizes, finished with loop tassels of tiny beads.

In rhinestone pins, a huge bowknot has supplanted the horseshoe design.

In hair ornaments, choux of tulle or maline, powdered with rhinestone beads, and finished with matching aigrette.

In embroidered robes, paneled effects finished with fringe.

In fancy collars, what is known as "The Devil Collar," made of black satin, lined with red. These collars are cut in many gores, flaring at the top and showing touches of the red about the throat. To be worn only by the girl with the long neck.

In severe tailored hats, big black beavers, trimmed only with a bunch of peacock feathers, sewed on the left side of the hat, and a large button mold covered with cloth of gold tacked on to cover up the place where the feathers have been sewn on with heavy thread.

In odd blouses to wear with tailored suits, colored net, tucked all over and made over a white lining, finished off with collar, cuffs and lapel on left side of pompadour silk in harmonious shades. MARY DEAN.

**CHESTNUT DRESSING.**—Select fifty large plump chestnuts. Take off the outer shell, throw them into a deep bowl and pour boiling water over them to loosen the skin. It should slip off as a beet peel does, between thumb and finger. Drop the blanched nuts into salted boiling water—enough to cover them—and simmer until tender. Drain and chop very fine. Remove the marrow from two bones, cut very fine and mix with the nuts. Add salt and pepper to taste. Mix with slightly with sweet cream or new milk and fill the turkey by the aid of a big spoon. Do not pack in the dressing with your hand.

a fine tooth comb, and if the scalp ailment will not yield to olive oil consult a skin specialist.

*Katherine M. Martin*



PRINCESS APRONS



DUSTER BROWN DOG



GREY TABBY CAT

# WHEN OUR YOUTH HAS FLED

## Preacher Outlines the Course of Unconscious Deterioration.

Gray hairs are here and there upon him and he knoweth it not. —Hosea viii, 9.

The comic paragraphists—gentlemen whose elevating trade is to take all the dignity out of suffering and all possibility out of life—are in the habit of picking him over the discovery of the first gray hair.

There is nothing funny about it. When some poignant experience forces upon us the realization of that for which the gray hair conventionally stands, when we realize with a shock that our youth has fled forever and that age is creeping on the flood of new emotions may easily carry us off our feet.

If this is not true for you and has not been, then you are either much better or worse than the average of humanity. Either you have already grown unthoughtful, shallow and callous, or else you have a strong, close grip upon the unseen, but everlasting realities of life. And it would be good for us if there were some physical sign, corresponding to the approach of gray hairs, which might warn us of

moral deterioration and awaken us to the necessity of

### RENEWING OUR YOUTH

by waiting upon the Lord, by turning in great re-inforcement of moral energy to repair the waste and decay of moral tissue.

The shock, in the nature of things, could not be pleasant. The awakening might be rude and painful. But it would be salutary. It would be chastening. And if for the moment it was humbling, in the providence of God it might be permanently uplifting. If we could really see this soul-destroying process at work, leading downward to something worse than a second childhood, leading to a second slothfulness, unreasonableness, barbarism, back to the old unspiritual, unaspiring life from which we have emerged, would not that be good for us? "With great price," said the officer to Paul, "I purchased this freedom." With great price, indeed, we delivered ourselves from the cramping littleness and debasing pleasures of other days. And now are we to sacrifice the freedom

which cost us dear to open our fingers in mere summer wantonness and let it slip from us while the years bind us again in the old bondage to folly or sin, while strangers devour our strength, though we know it not, and gray hairs are here and there sprinkled upon us and we cannot see them?

### MORAL DETERIORATION.

The poet tells us of hair growing white in a single night from sudden fears. It may be so. But this moral deterioration is slow, gradual, silent. No man becomes desperately wicked all at once. When discovery, scandal and prosecution at the hands of the law present to you a spectacle of one who has held an honored position, a betrayer, an outlaw and a castaway, the real tragedy is not that which you see; and the very tears are for the long, slow process which no eyes but God's have seen. How the high resolves must have dropped and died, and how the man has juggled with words, played fast and loose with honor, tampered with the sacred realities of conscience. Do you think he has deliberately lied to his own soul, lied in church, lied to his God? Indeed, but you are wrong. He has lost his soul and lost his God before he comes to high-handed, brazen-cheeked, deliberate lying.

First, the mining, then the explosion! First the moral muscle grown flabby, then the helpless weakness before temptation. First, the gray hairs here and there sprinkled upon him and he knows

it not; finally the spiritual senility and swift oblivion. This is the course of unconscious deterioration.

Rev. Charles F. Aked, D. D.

## WOMEN AS FINANCIERS

MRS. HERMAN OELRICHS MADE \$10,000,000 A YEAR.

Has Been Proved That Men Are No Longer to Have the Monopoly of Million-making.

One of the most daring and successful of lady financiers is Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, who is held in considerable awe by her masculine rivals in Wall Street, New York. A few years ago Mrs. Oelrichs decided to take the management of her business affairs out of her husband's hands into her own. Naturally, all her friends were agast at such audacity, and predicted that she would soon make "ducks and drakes" of her fortune. But Mrs. Oelrichs only smiled—the smile of the confident, capable woman. She knew better. Realizing her estate, she commenced operations in Wall Street with a capital of \$3,000,000, and by clever speculation in railroad shares she had increased her fortune fivefold in a year, making

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# Christmas Sewing

used in the smart shops for these fancy aprons. The dimity should be trimmed with German Val. lace and the dotted Swiss with Point de Paris lace in rather a fine pattern.

Both the indoor and the outdoor girl will be grateful for some waist novelties, for it has been so often and so truly said that it is the accessories that make or mar a costume. We are showing three sets to-day suitable for various occasions. The stiff tailored model can be made of colored linen, button-holed in white cotton, or of pompadour silk with pearl buttons, the scallops being stitched about with two rows of fine machine stitching as a finish. The shorter jabot is extremely dainty, made of embroidered batiste in either ecru or pure white. The two frills should be joined together with a row of beading and narrow black velvet ribbon run through this with bow at the end. The longer jabot should be evolved from a plain net in either ecru or white. The edges should be finished off with a narrow Val. lace, not over half an inch in width, or a little gilt lace or fancy silk braid. If gilt braid is used to edge the frill, then tiny gilt buttons should be sewn down the front.

Every woman, old or young, likes to own a pretty negligee, and the fact that she may wear it only within the seclusion of her own room does not alter the fact that she wants it attractive and becoming. The one shown to-day is a combination of the kimono and Empire style of garment. Because this model requires no fitting, it may be made at home by any unskilled worker. The yoke and sleeves are cut in one piece, and the shaped flounce fits the upper portion exactly. If you get the proper bust size it is sure to fit. These jackets can be made of any material from dainty lawns to heavy flannels. Of course in silk they are extremely pretty. It requires about five yards of very narrow silk to make this garment, four yards and a quarter of flannel.

If any of my readers would like patterns of any of these suggested Christmas gifts, I will gladly tell them where they may be procured upon receipt of stamped and self-addressed envelope. But write at once, for remember it takes many days to get an answer, and I cannot reply to all inquiries by return mail.

*Mary Dean*

## HOT PUDDINGS FOR COLD WEATHER DINNERS

**PEACH DELIGHT.**—Butter the bottom and sides of a shallow baking dish. Slice stale bread rather thin, and cut in a round shape with a tin cutter. Cover the bottom of the dish with these. Open a can of peaches, and on top of each piece of bread lay half a peach—the side from which the pit has been removed uppermost. Fill each cavity with a spoonful of brown sugar and a small piece of butter. Put in the oven and bake slowly, occasionally adding more sugar. Just before they are quite cooked add a teaspoonful of any kind of sweet jam to each peach. Serve in the pudding dish very hot, with whipped cream or a rich foamy sauce.

**QUEEN PUDDING.**—Take one pint of bread crumbs, one quart of milk, a coffee cup of sugar, the yolks of four eggs and the grated rind of one large lemon. Beat together the yolks of the eggs, the sugar and the lemon until thoroughly blended, then add the bread crumbs and milk. Bake until a golden brown. When the pudding is done beat the whites of the four eggs with four tablespoons of sugar until perfectly stiff. Now over the top of the pudding spread a thick layer of currant jelly or a tart raspberry jam, and over this spread the whites of the eggs. Set in oven again long enough to brown.



EMPIRE HOUSE JACKET

## Young Men and Social Success

A LETTER of inquiry from a young man rather flatters the writer of this department, and certainly it is a hopeful sign. The American youth has been made so conceited and confident of his powers by girls that he is very apt to scorn good form sign-posts and think that, like the king, he can do no wrong.

The confidence of a young man who really wants to know what is the right thing to do is, therefore, the sincerest form of flattery a writer on etiquette can receive, and why I am glad to learn that the young man of to-day is beginning to realize that he can be improved by a little grooming in manners.

The college boy has ranked as a sort of lord of all he surveys and despairing matrons in need of dancing men for their cotillions have forgiven rudeness which would have made our grandmothers place the participant upon their black list. But we seem to be finding our social level or balance once more, and men are waking up to a realization that "the right thing" is

not to let the woman precede him into the car, helping her on by supporting her under the elbow. On leaving the car, the man goes first and offers a supporting hand as the woman steps down. If the car is crowded and a stranger offers a seat to the woman, her escort acknowledges the courtesy by raising his hat.

In many cities young men would not think of remaining seated in a street car when women were standing, but now that so many women have invaded the business world and crowd the cars during rush hours, they are often forced to share the discomforts as well as the financial returns of a business career even to standing in cars while men sit and read. However, no well-bred man ever remains seated when an elderly woman or a woman with a baby or little children remains standing. Neither does the young man who prefers his seat to a strange girl follow up the advantage by trying to flirt with her.

"When walking on the street with two girls, does the man walk in the

## THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,  
DEC. 6.

Lesson X. Solomon Chooses Wisdom. Golden Text, Prov. 9, 10.

Verse 4. Gibeon—Identified by scholars with the modern village of el-Jib, which lies five or six miles northwest of Jerusalem. In earlier times it was one of the principal Hivite cities, and one of a group which through deception had effected a league with Joshua (Josh. 9, 3-17), thereby escaping the fate of Ai and Jericho. It was afterward allotted to Benjamin and made a Levitical town. For a time the tabernacle had rested here, and from Jer. 41, 16, it seems that after the destruction of Jerusalem by Nebuchadnezzar Gibeon again became the seat of the government.

The great high place—One of the principal centres of worship for the ten tribes. Only gradually was the worship of Israel centralized at Jerusalem.

Burnt offerings—The burnt offering was one in which the entire victim consumed upon the altar. It symbolized the entire surrender to God of the individual or the congregation, for whom it was offered. The animals prescribed for this sacrifice were a young bullock, a lamb, or goat (always a male), or in cases of poverty, turtle doves or young pigeons (Lev. 1, 3, 10, 14). The ritual of this sacrifice is described in part in Lev. 1, 14-17, and 7, 8.

6. As he walked before thee in truth, and in righteousness—Solomon did not fail to trace the prosperity of his father, David, to the fact that the latter had been a faithful servant of Jehovah.

A son to sit on his throne—The perpetuation of the Davidic dynasty was accounted the greatest of all blessings.

7. But a little child—Young and inexperienced in statecraft, Solomon appeared to himself as a mere child in view of the varied great responsibilities which his new position as a ruler placed upon him.

Go out or come in—The Hebrew way of referring to the general comportment or behavior of a person.

8. A great people that cannot be numbered—No accurate or reliable census of the Jewish nation at this time is available. Solomon's statement, however, was that of an inexperienced ruler who would, naturally exaggerate the extent of duties and cares which he had not yet encountered.

9. Understanding—Hebrew, "Hearing." The sense of the clause is, "A readiness to hear complaints and wisdom to judge the people rightly."

Great people—Literal, "heavy," referring, not to greatness in our sense, but to immensity involving a correspondingly heavy burden of responsibility.

10. The speech pleased the Lord—The element in Solomon's choice which makes it pleasing to God is his perception of the supreme importance of wisdom and discretion in government as contrasted with external greatness or military glory. In later years, however, the king lost his simplicity of purpose and purity of aspiration, becoming enamored with the glory of outward display.



crumbs and milk. Bake until the golden brown. When the pudding is done beat the whites of the four eggs with four tablespoons of sugar until perfectly stiff. Now over the top of the pudding spread a thick layer of currant jelly or a tart raspberry jam, and over this spread the whites of the eggs. Set in oven again long enough to brown the top.

**STEAMED CHOCOLATE PUDDING**—Cream together one cup of sugar with half a cup of butter, and add to this the yolks of two eggs which have been beaten light; then add one cup of milk. Melt one ounce of chocolate over a dish of hot water, and add this to the batter. Sift two cups of flour and add to it two teaspoons of baking powder, and beat into the mixture until perfectly smooth. Whip the whites of the two eggs to a stiff froth and add lastly. Put a heaping tablespoonful of this mixture into a small cup, set the cups in a pan of hot water, and steam for three-quarters of an hour in slow oven. Serve with the following sauce: Cream together one cup of powdered sugar and half a cup of butter, add one teaspoon of vanilla, and gradually add half a cup of rich milk or thin cream. Place the bowl in a basin of hot water, and constantly stir this sauce until it is smooth and creamy—no longer.

**BAKED ORANGE PUDDING**—One cup of sugar, large tablespoon of butter, two eggs and one and a half cups of milk, two cups of flour and two teaspoons of baking powder, flavor with the grated rind of two large oranges. Bake until golden brown in a brisk oven. Serve with the following sauce: Four large tablespoons of sugar, two of butter and one of flour. Cream these three ingredients together until perfectly smooth. Beat the white of one egg to a froth and add it pour over the mixture half a cup of boiling water, stirring the mixture until it is creamy, and allowing no lumps to form. Have prepared two large oranges, from which all the peel and skin have been removed, also the pits, and chop them in small pieces. Remove the sauce from the fire and add these oranges. Serve the pudding piping hot in the pudding dish, have sauce in separate dish and pour a goodly lot over each portion.

of lord of all the surveys and dispensing matrons in need of dancing partners for their cottillions have forgiven rudeness which would have made our grandmothers place the participant upon their black list. But we seem to be finding our social level or balance once more, and men are waking up to a realization that "the right thing" is expected of them as well as of their dancing partners.

A young man asks: "At a house where I visit occasionally the elder son always pulls out his mother's chair and seats her at the table. Why? She is perfectly well."

A well-bred man always draws out the chair for his hostess or the woman who sits next him at table, unless plenty of servants are in waiting for this purpose. It matters not whether the woman is of his own family or an outsider, he pays her this compliment and courtesy. Nor does he sit down at table until his hostess and all women are seated.

"When you entertain a girl at a restaurant, who takes her wraps, the man or the waitress?"

There is no hard and fast rule, but the man does the courteous thing. If the girl is quick to slip off her wrap a waiter may get to her side and take the wrap first. If she moves with deliberation, her escort generally assists her with the wrap and turns it over to the attendant in waiting, then removes his own overcoat and hands this in turn to the waiter.

"Who orders the meal at a hotel or restaurant?"

The man defers to the woman, asking her whether she has any preference as to dishes. If she expresses a preference, he builds the menu around that one dish, selecting other dishes which will not clash, and invariably asking her whether she likes this or that. A clever girl will often leave the matter entirely to her escort, who then keeps the order within his financial limitations and yet shows good taste in selecting dishes. It is a real art to order an economical lunch or supper and have it worthy the "onliest girl."

"What is expected of a man on the street car?"

This is a comprehensive question indeed, and one which is discussed constantly in the daily press. So far as escort duty is concerned, the man al-

bred man ever remains seated, when an elderly woman or a woman with a baby or little children remains standing. Neither does the young man who prefers his seat to a strange girl follow up the advantage by trying to flirt with her.

"When walking on the street with two girls, does the man walk in the middle or on the outside?"

On the outside always. And in escorting a young woman on the street after night he allows her to take his arm, never takes her arm.

"If a young man is very busy, is it positively necessary for him to pay a dinner call?"

It certainly is. If he can tear himself away from business long enough to break bread with his hostess and her other guests, he can find time on another evening or some Sunday afternoon within a fortnight to call. No deviation from this rule is permissible.

"When does a man wear white gloves?"

After 6 P. M. with evening clothes. Gray gloves are worn to afternoon functions, chamols gloves or heavy brown gloves with business suits.

"Does a man state his intentions to the girl or her parents first?"

Here in America young people are given much license in settling affairs of the heart. The man proposes to the girl first and then asks her hand of her father, or the mother, or whoever may be the head of the house, in case the father has died. The American man, however, who is wooing a girl of foreign family will do better to ask permission of the parents to propose to the daughter.

*Prudence Standish*

**PLAIN HERB DRESSING**—Crumb stale bread to the amount of two quarts and toss it into a bowl. Add two tablespoons of salt, one teaspoon of pepper, two tablespoons powdered summer savory, two tablespoons finely minced parsley, one tablespoon of powdered sage. Do not use the coarse herbs. Have some butter warm, but not melted to the point where it runs. Mix this lightly through the crumbs and fill the cavity of the turkey.

**PRACTICALLY PENNILESS,**

with an infant daughter. Making her way to the Californian gold fields she began prospecting; and, although entirely without skill, was so successful that within six months she had \$40,000 in the bank and owned several valuable mines.

So phenomenal was her luck in finding gold that the Mexican miners called her "Oro Madro" (mother of gold). To-day Mrs. Rickert is said to be worth many millions of pounds; and her latest feat has been to construct a railroad, at a cost of \$1,000,000 to connect her various properties.

To give but one more example of these "hustling" women, Mme. Woleska, a Russian lady, whose fortune is estimated at \$10,000,000, owns thousands of square miles of her native country. Scores of villages and small towns are in her "kingdom"; her tenants and employees are an army of many thousands; and the entire business of this vast estate she conducts herself, without any assistance from mere, insignificant man.

**MADE HIS DIAGNOSIS.**

"What diagnosis did the doctor make of your wife's illness?"

"Said she was suffering from overwork."

"Is that so?"

"Yes, he looked at her tongue and reached that decision immediately."

his perception of the supreme importance of wisdom and discretion in government as contrasted with external greatness or military glory. In later years, however, the king lost his simplicity of purpose and purity of aspiration, becoming enamored with the glory of outward display.

12. An understanding heart—Perhaps better, "a discerning mind."

13. There shall not be—Hebrew, "There hath not been," as in the preceding verse. The sense of the clause thus becomes, "There has not been any among the kings as prosperous as thou shalt be for all thy days."

14. Walk in my ways, to keep my statutes and my commandments—Compare the similar charge in 1 Kings 2, 2-4.

As thy father did—David's life had not been faultless, but the general attitude of his heart and mind toward the commandments of Jehovah had been right, and, on the whole, he had sought conscientiously to obey the statutes and commandments of his God.

15. Behold, it was a dream—The dream in this case, however, had the same influence over Solomon as an actual experience of the same import would have had.

The ark of the covenant—This had been brought by David to Jerusalem and had found a permanent resting place on Mount Zion.

Offered up burnt offerings—As at Gibeon, so at Jerusalem, the king offers up sacrifices indicative of the consecration of himself to the high office of ruler over the people.

Peace offerings—These differed from the burnt offerings in that only certain portions of the animal sacrificed were burned upon the altar. A portion of the meat was given to the officiating priest, while the other portion was returned to the person bringing the offering, and was used by him in the sacrificial feast which usually accompanied the ceremony. So in connection with the peace offering here mentioned the king made a feast to all his servants.

**STOPS AND POINTS.**

**Punctuation Originated in the Third Century.**

Punctuation by means of stops and points, so as to indicate the meaning of sentences and assist the reader to a proper enunciation, is ascribed originally to Aristophanes, a grammarian of Alexandria, Egypt, who lived in the third century B.C. Whatever his system may have been, it was subsequently neglected and forgotten, but was reintroduced by Charlemaigne, the various stops and symbols being designed by Warnefried and Alcuin.

The present system of punctuation was introduced in the latter part of the fifteenth century by Aldus Manutius, a Venetian printer, who was responsible for our full stop, colon, semicolon, comma, marks of interrogation and exclamation, parenthesis and dash, hyphen, apostrophe and quotation marks. These were subsequently copied by other printers, until their use became universal.

Most ancient languages were innocent of any system of punctuation. In many early manuscripts the letters are placed at equal distances apart, with no connecting link between, even in the matter of spacing, an arrangement which must have rendered reading at sight somewhat difficult.

money at the phenomenal rate of \$10,000,000 per annum.

But even Mrs. Oelrichs has a formidable rival of her own sex in Mrs. Ella Rawls Reader, who has earned the right to be considered one of the smartest business women

**IN THE WHOLE WORLD.**

A dozen years ago Mrs. Reader was addressing envelopes in a New York newspaper office, and four years later she was head of the largest reporting agency in the city.

Then it was that this remarkable woman, who is still in the early thirties, and who is described as "very pretty, with a fascinating smile, charming manners, and a sweet and gentle voice," determined to show what a woman could do in the realm of finance. And how far she has succeeded is proved by the following, among many similar sensational coups which have made such financial giants as Mr. Pierpont Morgan gasp with wonder. She has organized a \$10,000,000 railway in opposition to Mr. Morgan himself; induced the House of Lords to adopt the Sprague system on the Central London "tube," wrested from powerful rivals, a concession for a railway through the dominions of the Sultan of Johore; settled a South American revolution at her breakfast-table; entered into competition with Wall Street to control the copper interests of Peru, and fought President Roosevelt for

concessions in San Domingo, involving over \$10,000,000.

**MRS. HETTY GREEN**

has, of course, long been recognized as one of the shrewdest of American financiers, with a knack of piling up the millions such as few men have exhibited. Starting with a capital of about half a million, she is to-day worth, at a modern estimate, twenty times that sum. For many years past she has added at least \$2,500,000 yearly to her capital. And yet so thrifty is this lady of many millions that she is said to live on less than \$20 a week, spending in a year less than she earns every four hours.

Mrs. Richard King, another American lady who has been the architect of her own fortunes, is to-day owner of an estate two and a half times as large as Wales, which she manages herself with consummate skill. Her estate is bounded by forty miles of coast, and is girdled inland by 300 miles of barbed wire fence. She is mistress of 200,000 cattle; employs 300 cowboys for whose use 1,200 ponies are provided; and when she wishes to leave her domain, of which she is a veritable queen, she has to drive thirteen miles from her door to her "front gate."

An equally capable woman is Mrs. Annie K. Rickert, president of the Stockton and Tuolumne Railroad, who at seventeen was left a widow,

## NOTES AND COMMENTS

Alcohol delusions are being dispelled by twentieth century science. Von Helmholtz, the eminent physicist, declared that the smallest quantity of alcohol served effectively while its influence lasted, to banish from his mind all possibility of creative effort; all capacity to solve an abstruse problem. Prof. James declares that the reason for craving alcohol is that it is an anesthetic even in moderate quantities. It obliterates a part of the field of consciousness and abolishes collateral trains of thought.

In Germany many practical experiments have been made to test the basal operations of the mind. In one of these the subject sits at a table, his finger on a telegraph key. At a given signal he releases the key. It was found that when an individual had imbibed a small quantity of alcohol his reaction time was lengthened, though the subject believed himself to be responding more promptly than before. In more complicated tests the keys would be released more rapidly than before the alcohol was taken, but the wrong key would be pressed much more frequently. It was computed that after consuming eighty grams of alcohol to a man for twelve successive days the working capacity of that individual's mind was lessened from 25 to 40 per cent. The power to add was impaired 40 per cent., and the power to memorize was reduced 70 per cent. Forty to eighty grams of alcohol are equal to a half bottle or a bottle of ordinary wine.

Prof. Aschaffenburg declares that the moderate drinker who consumes his bottle of wine as a matter of course each day with his dinner, and who doubtless would declare that he never is under the influence of liquor, in reality is never sober from one week's end to another. Dr. Henry Smith Williams says of the moderate drinker that in the light of what science has revealed he is tanzibly threatening the physical structure of stomach, liver, kidneys, heart, blood vessels, nerves, brain; that he is unequivocally decreasing his capacity for work in any field, that he is lowering the grade of his mind, dulling his higher esthetic sense, and taking the fine edge off his morals; that he is distinctly lessening his chances of maintaining health and longevity, and may be entailing upon his unborn descendants a bond of incalculable misery.

### MUSLEM BELIEF IN JINN.

Methods of Protection Against These Bad Spirits.

Mohammedans believe implicitly in the participation of spirits (Jinn),

## DOCTOR BULLIED KING

### STORIES OF SOME UNCONVENTIONAL PHYSICIANS.

#### Great Old-Time Doctors Who Were No Respectors of Persons.

"Pray, Sir Richard, may I eat a muffin?" a lady patient once asked the great Dr. Jebb, who was almost as famed for his rudeness as for his medical skill.

"Yes, madam; 'tis the very best thing you can take."

"Oh, dear Sir Richard, I am glad of that. The other day you said it was the worst thing in the world for me."

"Good, Madam. I said so last Tuesday. This isn't Tuesday, is it?"

This was not precisely a polite answer, but it was courtesy itself compared with the retort of Sir Richard to another patient who asked him, "And what may I eat, doctor?"

"Oh, anything you like," came the gruff answer, for Jebb was in one of his worst moods. "Try grass; that's the food asses prefer."

It was the same physician, too, who once contemptuously advised a lady patient to eat boiled turnips.

"But, doctor," the lady replied, "I simply cannot bear boiled turnips."

"Then, madam, you must have a remarkably vitiated appetite."

Dr. Radcliffe, another great old-time physician, was no respecter of persons, and could be just as rude to a king as to a carpenter. Once when King William showed him his ankles swollen with dropsy, Radcliffe exclaimed, "I wouldn't have your Majesty's legs for the three kingdoms;" and on another occasion, when the King failed to carry out

#### CERTAIN INSTRUCTIONS.

he had given, Radcliffe said, angrily, "You seem to forget, sir, that in this case it is for me to command and, for you to obey."

Dr. Abernethy's often quoted advice to an indolent bon vivant, "Live on sixpence a day—and earn it, sir," had at least sound sense to redeem its rudeness; but there is little to be said in defence of an answer a Court physician once sent to the Princess Anne. The Princess, being taken ill, sent an urgent summons to the doctor to attend her; but the man of medicine was engaged in disposing of a bottle of wine in a tavern and declined to budge.

A little later a second messenger arrived with a still more urgent summons; whereupon the doctor, upon whom the wine had begun to take effect, sent back this message:

"Tell Her Royal Highness that her distemper is nothing but the vapors. She's in as good a state of health as any woman breathing—only she can't make up her mind to believe it."

A story is told of a quite unintentional rudeness on the part of a Dr. Freind which had an amusing sequel. Freind was one day summoned to attend a lady of high rank, but, having drunk not wisely, all he could do when he entered the sick-room was to exclaim in confusion, as he realized his condition, "Drunk

## SOUTH SEA ISLANDERS' FEUDS

### Bush Vendetta That Is the Cause of Many Crimes.

Miss Young, of the South Sea Island Evangelical Mission, who has recently returned to Brisbane, Australia, after four months among Solomon Island natives, has many interesting things to relate as to their customs, says the London Standard. Native murders, it appears, are of frequent occurrence, but a great many are the result of feuds between different tribes.

Two Christian boys belonging to the mission at Malo were brutally done to death, and another Christian native at Fiu was also murdered. The crimes were unprovoked, but were committed because the islanders believed in having a life for a life. If a man belonging to a tribe is killed by another tribe there is no peace until the death is avenged, and it generally happens that the most inoffensive man in the offending tribe falls a victim. The native who was killed at Fiu left the mission station accompanied by a child to visit his garden some distance away. The bushmen came down, chatted with him, and they ate food together. Then the bushmen suddenly turned on him and killed him to avenge a murder committed by his tribe some time previously.

On another occasion, at Onepelu, the head station of the mission, a native came and associated with the Christian boys and shortly before daylight one morning this man secured an axe, struck a Christian boy on the head and ran away. The injured boy was attended by a woman missionary and subsequently recovered.

Miss Young adds that a young Kanaka of about 18 years was recently brought from an adjoining island, but it was found necessary to send him away to another station. It appears that some years ago the tribe from which the boy was taken had murdered a man belonging to a bush tribe near the station. How the natives got to know the boy was there is a mystery, but nevertheless it became known. One day a native who had not been near the mission station for a year suddenly made his appearance. The boy was carefully watched and at night slept in a room occupied by a missionary, but he became so terrified that it was necessary to send him elsewhere.

Miss Young says that the authorities are doing all they can to prevent the importation of rifles and ammunition, but for all that the bushmen become possessed of rifles. Some of the firearms are of a very old pattern. They are certainly not supplied by white traders, who are too much concerned about their own safety to supply the natives with weapons of destruction. It is alleged that some of the boys ship to New Guinea and while there buy rifles and ammunition. It has happened that some of the boys when searched have had ammunition in their possession.

### HORDES OF BIRDS.

Flocks So Great That Farmers Have Not Planted.

The eastern countries of England are suffering as the rest of the country will suffer, from such a plague of starlings as has never

## TIT-BITS OF KNOWLEDGE.

### General Information About a Little of Everything.

Omnibuses in Holland are fitted with letter-boxes.

Some of the great Atlantic liners employ 150 firemen.

The Czar of Russia employs 30,000 servants, and his stables contain 5,000 horses for his personal use.

To keep a racehorse in even moderate condition in England, with proper attendants, costs \$1,625 a year.

It is a peculiar fact that Africans never sneeze, neither do their descendants, if they be pure blooded, although domiciled in other parts of the world.

Eskimo dogs have been driven forty-five miles over the ice in five hours. A picked team of these dogs once travelled six miles in twenty-eight minutes.

The first hotel in Europe for women only, and managed and staffed by women, has just been opened as an experiment Zurich by the Salvation Army.

When a vessel is on her trial trip she runs four times over a measured mile; twice with and twice against the tide. Her average speed is thus arrived at.

In riveting with pneumatic hammers two men and one heater average 500 rivets in ten hours, whereas by hand 250 rivets is a good day's work for three men and one heater.

The butchers of Berlin have a curious way of informing their customers of the days on which fresh sausages are made by placing a chair, covered with a large clean apron, at the side of the shop door.

A ring set with two brilliants, and valued at about \$75, was found in a herring by Mme. Heully, at the French village of Serceur. She was eating the fish, and bit something hard, which proved to be the ring.

The British soldier carries a helmet which weighs nearly 1½ lbs.; the helmet of the Prussian infantrymen weighs only a trifle over 14 oz.; while the Italian is still better off with a kepi which turns the scale at between 11 oz. and 12 oz.

Signor Koelticker, an Italian zoologist, states that by means of a microphonograph his hypothesis that fish have a language of their own has been fully confirmed. He has heard them carry on a sort of murmuring conversation, which he does not, however, claim to have understood.

Many old houses in Holland have a special door which is never opened save on two occasions—when there is a marriage or a death in the family. The bride and bridegroom enter by this door; and it is then nailed or barred up until a death occurs, when it is opened, and the body is removed by this exit.

As he was the only man with young children in a district of Lane County, Oregon, Mr. John Larkin formed a school committee, of which he was elected chairman and his wife clerk. Mrs. Larkin was installed as teacher by the chairman, and the five little Larkins now go to school to their own mother, who is remunerated by the State.

The municipality of Freiburg carries on a pawnshop, an insurance business, a theatre, several restaurants, and a newspaper, as well as the schools. A seat can be procured at the opera in this German

## TEA

New Not agrie mode lectur it is of the on in uplift For soci which ciety vance being condi rural living amus social anoth agrie It l every about and kuku effort which time; prefe selve; tural distri town; centr to all the branc visit condi the o facto its m ciety perio struc ing o tural trict using priesi ture. Budd were how veget jurior ed su rema To econc ilary manu ets schoo The for s posta waste ing o provi ful. Shi in dee suital Takin of th to ga encou and e work in th were yen ( about th time joint 000 le childi much



## MUSLEM BELIEF IN JINN.

### Methods of Protection Against These Bad Spirits.

Mohammedans believe implicitly in the participation of spirits (Jinn), both good and evil, in most of the concerns of daily human life, explaining that Jinn become visible or invisible at will, either by rapid extension or rarification, and consequent diminution of the particles of which they are composed, and that good Jinn are immediately recognized by their resplendent beauty, the bad ones being correspondingly hideous and shocking.

Many cultivated Mohammedans even in this twentieth century, says the Queen, profess not only to have seen Jinn but also to have held converse with them, and to possess certain talismans by which the services of good Jinn may be secured as well as formulas by which bad ones can be put to confusion.

Constant endeavors are made—except during the Feast of Ramadan, when all evil spirits are supposed to be kept in strict durance in the bowels of the earth—by daily sprinkling the floors of rooms, especially empty ones, with salt or iron filings, for which bad Jinn are considered to have especial aversion, to insure their exclusion from the dwelling places of the "sons of the faithful."

The favorite abiding places of Jinn are supposed to be empty houses, cross-roads, bays, any uncovered jugs or basins or food receptacles and yawning moorings. So good Muslims not only lock their doors when obliged to leave their houses but besprinkle and cover up in so far as they can every article of domestic use whose emptiness would tempt a roving evil spirit to enter into possession, besides making use of the special prayers ordered by the Koran to keep such visitors at bay.

The words, "I seek refuge with God from Satan the stoned," or "In the name of God the compassionate, the merciful," are constantly upon the lips of Muslims, for without previous pious ejaculations of the kind to dissipate evil presences they dare not undertake even the most ordinary business of their day, neither enter or leave a house, meet with or part from a friend, partake of a meal, commence or complete any commercial matter or journey, take a bath, nor even kill any animal for food, lest the bad Jinn take possession as life ceases and work madness or destruction upon the sacrilegious mortal who presumed to eat or make other use of it.

Probably for the same reason is the singing of a continuous antiphonal funeral chant kept up by relatives and watchers from the moment the breath leaves a human body till it is safely hidden away under the sod; usually as short a period as possible among Mohammedans, twenty-four hours or less being the customary interval between death and burial.

### NOT FASTIDIOUS.

"Every bit of food on this table," said the serving lady to Lamson, as he sat down to eat at the church supper, "was cooked by your wife."

"Oh, I don't mind," rejoined Lamson, faintly; "I'm not a bit hungry, anyway."

Dr. Freund which had an amusing sequel. Freund was one day summoned to attend a lady of high rank, but having drunk not wisely, all he could do when he entered the sick-room was to exclaim in confusion, as he realized his condition, "Drunk—drunk—drunk," before stumbling out of the room.

Fortunately for him his unconscious diagnosis was the correct one; for on the following day, when he was sadly debating what apology he should send to his distinguished patient for presenting himself to her in such a condition, he received a note from the lady enclosing

### A HANDSOME FEE

and begging him not to reveal to anyone the state in which he had found her.

Not infrequently these rude physicians of past generations met their match. Once when a noble patient remonstrated with Dr. Jebb on his unnecessary brusqueness, the doctor gruffly replied, "Oh, that's my way!"

"Oh, is it?" answered his lordship, as he pointed to the door. "Very well; and now may I beg you to make that your way."

"I had heard of your rudeness before I came, sir," a lady once said indignantly to Abernethy, "but was scarcely prepared for such treatment. What am I to do with this?" holding out the prescription.

"Anything you like," snapped the great surgeon. "Put it in the fire, if you please."

In a moment the prescription was reduced to ashes and the lady had bowed herself out of the room.

In another case a lady scored equally, although in a different way, over the rough, if good natured, Scotman. One day she entered his surgery and, without a word, showed him an injured finger. Abernethy dressed the wound in silence and the lady put down his fee and walked out, not a single word having been uttered by surgeon or patient. A few days later she called again and offered her finger for inspection.

"Better!" growled the surgeon. "Better," answered the lady, and that was all that passed between them. Again and again she came, and the same two words sufficed; at last she showed him the finger free from bandages.

"Well!" queried Abernethy. "Well," exclaimed his patient. "Pon my word," exclaimed the surgeon, conquered at last, "you are the most sensible woman I ever met in my life."—London Answers.

### INSURANCE IS COMPULSORY.

The Austrian Government introduced in the Lower House of the Austrian Reichstag the other day a bill dealing with social insurance. It extends the present provisions for compulsory insurance against illness to all workmen and servants, including agricultural laborers. Insurance against old age is also made obligatory in the case of all workmen employed in industrial concerns, agricultural laborers, servants, and employers whose annual income does not exceed \$500. The number of persons affected is 10,000,000. The State will make an annual grant of \$466,500 toward the costs of administering the funds, and after the fifth year will place \$17 for each contributor.

### Flocks So Great That Farmers Have Not Planted.

The eastern countries of England are suffering as the rest of the country will suffer, from such a plague of starlings as has never been known, says the London Daily Mail.

The long and steady east wind which has brought unusual hosts of migrants safe across the North Sea has especially favored the short winged starling. In places in the neighborhood of King's Lynn farmers are refraining from sowing their corn because they say it is useless before the onset of these hordes.

Shooting them is useless. The flock at which you fire swing around and settle close behind you, and however many are killed the loss makes no apparent gap in the numbers, and the birds are almost without the instinct of self-preservation.

Starlings are not the only birds in exceptional force. The wild geese, whose persistent affection for Lore Leicester's estate is one of the strangest phenomena in local migration, having arrived in thousands. Their wild chattering can be heard from a great distance, and now and again they can be seen in a great cloud in the air at several miles distance. The voracity of this multitude is so great that they will ruin some of the best grazing marshes in the district, quite stripping it of young grass before they go back across the seas.

Nowhere in England is to be seen a spectacle quite so strange as this noisy host of great birds, which are regarded as almost sacred and left unmolested for the great part of their stay.

The east winds which have saved these and other birds from all the perils of the journey across the North Sea have rather diminished the usual number of snipe and woodcock, which seem to have flown straight across to Ireland and the west coast. But nearly all other birds are exceptionally numerous, though none in nearly such quantity as the starlings, which have no friend left in the eastern countries.

### BIG CONGO ELEPHANTS.

Shunning man, and as a rule fleeing at his approach, the African elephant when attacked often shows fight, and is dangerous prey. Congo specimens have very large ears, that even stretch back beyond the neck, and over part of the flank. In color the Congo elephant are of a grayish blue, almost slate-like tint. No one has ever reported seeing specimens of the sacred white elephant of India there. In size Congo elephants have been killed more than fourteen feet high at the withers and reckoned at more than eight tons in weight. Tusks obtained are sometimes more than 200 lbs. in weight and six feet and a half in length.

### CRITICAL.

A critic is a man who isn't satisfied to hit the nail on the head. He wants to hit the fellow who is driving the nail.

Perhaps one reason why a loan shark has so few friends is not because he's always lending money, but because he insists on getting it back.

to school to their own mother, who is remunerated by the State.

The municipality of Freiburg carries on a pawnshop, an insurance business, a theatre, several restaurants, and a newspaper, as well as the schools. A seat can be procured at the opera in this German city for 9 cents, and supper afterwards for 6 cents. The authorities also own a cemetery, in which the citizens can be interred cheaply.

The average storm-wave is 30 ft. in height; the highest storm-waves ever measured were between 44 ft. and 48 ft. high. The gigantic force of storm-waves is shown by the fact that at Skerryvore lighthouse, off the west coast of Scotland, a mass of rock weighing 5½ tons was once hurled to a height of 72 ft. above the sea-level, whilst a mass weighing 13½ tons was torn from a cliff 74 ft. high.

The Australian Commonwealth Customs Department has had to cudgel its brains in order to decide when turtle is fish. An Act of the Commonwealth Parliament provides that a bounty is payable on preserved fish. An enterprising speculator in Northern Australia has been producing preserved turtle on an extensive scale, and he claimed the bounty under the Act. But, after much consultation of dietarians, the Department has decided that the turtle is not a fish, but a "reptile."

### TAX ON GERMAN BEER.

To Be Raised to Two Shillings on Twenty-four Gallons.

The bills to be submitted to the German Reichstag for the reform of the imperial financial system provide that the wholesale buying and selling of spirits shall be taken over by the empire. The selling price will be regulated as to bring in a net revenue of £11,000,000 to the imperial treasury.

The tax on beer will be raised by about two shillings per hectolitre (22 gallons) on all beers ready for consumption. The wine tax bill provides for a tax on still wines bottled in the country or imported in bottle from abroad in the shape of a general bottle tax and a graduated surtax. The wine tax will amount to five pennings (½d.) per bottle, and the rates of the surtax, which will only be imposed upon wines costing more than one shilling per bottle, will vary from one penny to three shillings.

For tobacco an ad valorem tax on the manufactured article will be introduced according to the scaled band system. The rates of taxation for cigars will be from four to ninety-six shillings per thousand; for cigarettes eightpence to twenty-four shillings per thousand; and for fine-cut tobacco eightpence to 12s. 8d. per kilogramme (2½ lb.)

### SEVENTEEN YEARS.

Dr. Herbst, of Bremen, has made a careful study of the case of the peasant's daughter who recently awoke after having slept seventeen years. The subject, he says, is now forty-four years of age, and feels none the worse for lying helpless so long. The only injury she has sustained is the loss of her teeth, all of which with the exception of three fell out. She spoke and walked with difficulty at first, but the use of her faculties soon returned to her.



## TEACHING THRIFT IN JAPAN.

**New Things in Farming—Societies For Young People.**

Not only is Japan encouraging agriculture through the enginery of model farm experimental stations, lectures and what not, but likewise it is attempting to improve the lot of the agriculturist. There is going on in Japan to-day a big work of uplifting.

Foremost in this movement is a society known as the Hotokukwai, which may be translated as the society for moral and economic advancement. Its main strength is being put forth in improving rural conditions and in making life in the rural communities more worth the living through the extension of amusements, charities, education, social features of one kind and another, and by the development of agricultural enterprises.

It has organized the young people everywhere and started branches in about 210,000 of the smaller hamlets and villages of Japan. The Hotokukwai is assisted in its laudable efforts by the Government of Japan, which gives it money from time to time; by the heads of the various prefectures and by the villages themselves. It has built up an agricultural society in every prefectural district, separate ones in the larger towns, and put over all of these a central agricultural agency in Tokio to aid and direct them. If any of the members of the numerous branches of the society choose to visit one of the big cities they are conducted by a representative of the organization through its schools, factories and workshops and shown its most interesting sights. The society likewise issues a number of periodicals and papers for the instruction and intellectual awakening of its members. The Agricultural Association of Motosu district recognized the advantage of using the influence of Buddhist priests for improvement in agriculture. So in August, 1908, seventy Buddhist priests of various sects were called together and instructed how to cultivate rice, barley and vegetables, and how to hunt the injurious insects. The attempts proved successful and the results were remarkably good.

To foster the spirit of industry and economy and to encourage an auxiliary work among farmers the manufacture of wicker lunch baskets was started among common school students of Namazu village. The wages were to be either used for school expenses or deposited as postal savings. The material being waste pieces discarded in the making of wicker trunks, this work is proving very profitable and hopeful.

Shimo-Nakajima village abounds in deep, muddy rice fields, which are suitable for the growth of leeches. Taking advantage of this, students of the common school were made to gather leeches for the purpose of encouraging the spirit of industry and economy among them. The work was started in June, 1904, and in that year almost 3,000 leeches were caught and sold, about 15 yen (\$7.50) being made. In 1905 about 5,000 were caught and more than 50 yen (\$15) was made. Each time the money was deposited as a joint saving. In 1906 more than 10,000 leeches were gathered. The children expect a greater income as well as a larger demand, and are much interested.

## PERSONAL POINTERS.

**Interesting Gossip About Some Prominent People.**

Of Princess Charles of Denmark it is said that she can bind a book, steer a boat, pull an oar, knit a stocking, take a photograph, play chess, and speak five languages.

The Sultan of Turkey has few recreations, but if there is one thing that he likes more than another it is music. He shows some ability at the piano, but his favorite instrument is the violin. He has a son who shows promise of developing into a really brilliant violinist, and he is at great pains to see that the boy has the best tuition possible.

Lord Radstock, known as the "preacher-peer," often delivers religious addresses both in London and the provinces. He actually founded in Russia the sect known as the Pashkoffski, which may be best described as synonymous with Bible Christians. So great was the effect produced in Russia by this single-hearted Englishman of rank that the Head of the Holy Synod became alarmed, and Lord Radstock, on leaving that country, was forbidden to return! He bowed to the decree.

The Shah of Persia surpasses all other Royal devotees in enthusiasm for cats. He has fifty of them, and they have attendants of their own, with special room for meals. When the Shah goes away they go too, carried by men fond of the feline tribe. When visiting the King of Denmark on one occasion he alarmed the servants by rushing out very early in the morning to the gardens. From the window of his sleeping room he had seen a big dog attack his favorite black cat, and without staying to complete his toilet he had fled to her rescue.

Mr. Richard Cowell, of Bristol, England, claims to be the oldest locomotive driver in the world. He was born in 1816, and after serving for some years on the branches of the North-Eastern Railway he was engaged by the Great Western Company in 1844, and continued in their employment for thirty-two years. He has now given up work for twenty-eight years. He speaks of some narrow escapes he had on the road, but prides himself on the fact that, though he travelled about 4,000,000 miles as a locomotive driver, his train never met with an accident which caused any injury to a passenger.

It has now been well established by experience in the British Army that strong drink is no friend to the soldier on the battlefield. Intoxicants may evoke a sort of "Dutch courage," but for endurance and cool-headedness when facing the enemy Tommy Atkins must avoid stimulants. This fact is strongly believed in by General Kuroki, the famous Japanese soldier. The General is an abstainer, and whenever an officer calls on him at his tent he is not offered drink, but instead a bottle of acid-drops, from which the visitor may take what he wants to satisfy his thirst.

Sir Frederick Treves has retired from practice, but his services are too valuable not to be commanded when Royalty requires them. Nor can this be wondered at in view of the marvellous success which has won him such fame. The services of a surgeon who has the credit of having performed 1,600 consecutive operations for appendicitis without a single death might well be in request so long as

## GERMAN DOG DETECTIVES.

**System Employed With Success in Tracking Evildoers.**

Year by year I attend trials of "police dogs" in Germany and Austria, where man hunting dogs are trained and bred for police purposes and where dogs have become a branch of the police organization, writes a correspondent of the London Telegraph. In Germany there is a society called the Association for Furthering the Breeding and Employment of Police Dogs, and ideas on the subject are exchanged, all experiments with dogs being carefully reported.

Years of thorough and painstaking study were devoted to this subject before suitable breeds of dogs were obtained and proper methods of working the dogs were discovered. Originally Brunswick was the headquarters of the German police doggy men and when canine assistance was required one of the officers at once set out with a dog. These officers and dogs often travelled long journeys, going as far as Paris and Constantinople on two occasions.

The German trainers soon came to the conclusion that not even the most perfect dog would carry a line three or four days old when he was not in a perfect working condition, as he would not be after a long train journey. Before anything else the "mind" of a dog must be quite fresh because he has to do far more mental than physical work. Further, a dog brought to a country in which the conditions are different from those of his home cannot settle down to the work at once with his mind quite fresh for the task. Artificial means to "revive the scent" are not always handy and even then will fail if the dog is not in perfect working condition.

Quite a revolution, however, set in when the association referred to above began to distribute dogs among policemen and watchmen. These animals got so accustomed to their masters and the rural conditions of their districts that the slightest change from the normal state provoked their suspicion while on their daily patrol, and any amount of cases are published every week where such well trained dogs led their masters to places of outrages which up to that moment were still unknown. Suicides were found in time to bring such poor creatures back to life, murders were discovered while the corpses were still warm, and so of course was the scent. The criminals were at once hunted and stopped not many miles off, waiting for a chance to escape. Tramps hiding themselves in thickets could not enjoy a quiet hour, and many a "wanted" was discovered by the help of these dogs.

It is an unfrequent occurrence that an out rage is not discovered within twenty-four hours after the commission of the crime. The next "station dog" is at once called, and unless he has not already stopped a suspicious individual during one of his patrols he will pick up at once the line of the criminal after having—in case of fatal outrage—been brought to the corpse.

Since police dogs were introduced in Brunswick there have been comparatively few evasions of justice in cases of violence. The certainty of detection has had a good result, and the criminal statistics of that town show that during the last two years not a single murder was com-

## IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

**NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.**

**Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.**

Newcastle has considerably less crime than any other town of its size in England.

Mr. Granville Barker says the Manchester theatre audiences are the best in England.

Among new color photographs shown in London is one of the King in Highland costume.

The first iron bridge ever erected was in 1793-6 at Wearmouth. It consisted of a 240 foot clear span.

There are persistent rumors that a field marshal's baton is to be bestowed on the Prince of Wales.

The death is announced, at the age of 75, of Mr. Samuel Farrah, who had been twice Mayor of Beverley.

Only three of the 150 master hairdressers of Blackburn "trade" on the Sabbath. Persuasive effort proving of no avail, the Hairdressers' Association have instituted a picketing crusade, which has been carried on each Sunday for more than three months.

Damage to the extent of \$50,000 was caused by a recent fire to maltings belonging to Messrs. Ind, Coope & Co., Burton.

The recent suffragist riots in London necessitated the employment of no fewer than 5,000 extra police to preserve order.

After being lost to view for 1,200 years, the floor of the tell of St. Guthlac, patron saint of Crowland Abbey, has been brought to light.

A beautiful gold lace embroidered collar, worn by Sir Francis Drake, the great Elizabethan explorer, was recently sold by auction in London.

The King has appointed a Royal Commission on Historic Monuments (before 1700), with a view to the preservation of those worth preserving.

By the will of the late Sir G. Livesey aged employes in the companies in which he was interested will ultimately benefit to the extent of \$100,000.

Mr. Michael Maybrick, better known as "Stephen Adams," the famous composer of songs, has consented to accept the offer of the Mayorality of Ryde.

The steamer *Maurentania* has gone into dry dock for an extensive overhaul. The *Lusitania* will continue running during the greater part of the winter.

Mr. Tom Lidgett, who was well known throughout the Eastern counties of England as a local preacher, fell dead while preaching recently at Wainfleet.

The directors of Lipton, Ltd., have declared an interim dividend for the past half year on the ordinary shares of the company at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

The Admiralty have now decided that the *Gladiator* is not worth repairing, and she is to be sold. The chances are that she will fetch much less than was spent in refloating her.

The death occurred at Dover recently of Mr. M. Morgan, who was the 100 yards champion of England in 1890 and 1896. He was also

yen (\$7.50) being made. In 1905 about 5,000 were caught and more than 30 yen (\$15) was made. Each time the money was deposited as a joint saving. In 1906 more than 10,000 leeches were gathered. The children expect a greater income as well as a larger demand, and are much interested.

## PIRACY IN SOUTH AMERICA.

### Ships Attacked and Plundered at Their Docks.

Capt. Callisen, a special representative of the Hamburg underwriters, has reached Victoria, B.C., after eighteen months spent in investigating the wholesale piracy that has for some time infected the ports of South America.

Interviewed at Victoria, Capt. Callisen said that it could not be called anything short of piracy. He found that some sensational episodes had occurred, and as a result of the reports sent by him to Hamburg the insurance rates on cargoes sent to these ports had been increased from 1½ to 10 per cent. Antofagasta had the worst record. There one of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's steamers, the Sorata, had been pirated as she lay at anchor.

The harbor thieves came with small boats after nightfall and clambered up the mooring lines, bound and gagged the watchman, and then went to the captain's room, and while one man held him covered with a pistol others went down and forced off the hatches. They even got up steam and lifted seven valuable packages of cargo into boats waiting alongside.

Another equally flagrant case was that of the steamer Coya, one of the W. R. Grace Line. The pirates made an attack on her, and a fusillade of revolver shots was exchanged with those on board, who tried unsuccessfully to fight the pirates off. In another case, says Capt. Callisen, forty tons of cargo were stolen from a vessel and loaded on an Italian ship for transportation to another port by these pirates. In this case the cargo was Belgian goods.

As a result of the captain's investigations he states that the German underwriters have practically ceased to insure goods consigned to these ports.

## HORSES IN BATTLE.

Arabian horses show remarkable courage in battle. It is said that when a horse of this breed finds himself wounded, and knows instinctively that he will not be able to carry his rider much longer, he quickly retires, bearing his master to a place of safety while he has yet sufficient strength. But if, on the other hand, the rider is wounded and falls to the ground, the faithful animal remains beside him, unmindful of danger, neighing until assistance is brought.

## THE "ALMS COW."

A curious custom still holds good in the village of Waddesdon, in Buckinghamshire, England, where, on any morning or evening of the year, you can claim a free drink of new milk from a cow specially kept for the benefit of thirsty wayfarers. This animal is known locally as the "alms cow," and when she dies another has to be provided by the parish authorities.

too valuable not to be commended—when Royalty requires them. Nor can this be wondered at in view of the marvellous success which has won him such fame. The services of a surgeon who has the credit of having performed 1,000 consecutive operations for appendicitis without a single death might well be in request so long as he is willing to wield the knife. But those who value Sir Frederick's good opinion never talk of appendicitis in his presence. "Perityphlitis" is the correct one and the term which he always employs.

One of the unluckiest men alive in the matter of personal injuries is Sir Ian Hamilton. He has dodged death scores of times. Years ago, on the Indian frontier, he practically lost the use of his left arm through the bursting of a shell, and on another occasion he was struck in the face by a splinter and very narrowly escaped losing his eyesight, and has received many other wounds of varying severity. In South Africa, just after he had been dispatched by Lord Roberts to deal with De Wet, he fell from a restive horse and smashed his collar-bone. He regards this as his crowning piece of ill-luck.

Leopold Wolfing, the Austrian archduke who renounced his rights to marry Mile. Adamovitch, the lovely actress, has become a Swiss subject. At present Herr Wolfing is living like a country squire in a little village near Zurich. Recently he said to an intimate Swiss friend: "I do not, nor never will, regret the step I took in throwing up all empty honors to marry the one I love. I am very happy, and pity those who are forced to contract political alliances. In the same circumstances I would do the same again." The ex-archduke and his wife are very fond of outdoor sports, especially walking, climbing, archery, and riding, and are greatly loved by the Swiss peasants among whom they have made their homes.

## PLAGUE OF LOCUSTS.

Algeria and Tunis have this year suffered from an extraordinary invasion of locusts. The locusts arrive from the direction of the deserts in swarms so thick as to hide the sun. They cover the ground as with a yellow carpet, and sometimes render the railways so slippery that trains can hardly run. At this stage they are not voracious, being engaged principally in laying their eggs. But 40 days later the young locusts, not yet winged, begin to run about, devouring every green thing, including not only leaves, but even the bark and tender shoots of trees. The hordes, advancing in a body, sometimes cover an area of several square miles. Barricades of cloth, surmounted with waxed strips, erected in the line of march, arrest the progress of the insects, which are unable to crawl up the smooth surface. Passing along the line of the barricades, they fall into ditches dug for the purpose, where they are killed with corrosive liquids. Another method is to smooth descending paths, ending in poisoned ditches. The insects follow the descents, and thus go to their death.

"Well, young Dr. Slicer has made his mark already, hasn't he?" "Yes; did it on his first case." "Great Scott! What did he do?" "Vaccinated him!"

ing—in case of fatal outrage—been brought to the corpse.

Since police dogs were introduced in Brunswick there have been comparatively few evasions of justice in cases of violence. The certainty of detection has had a good result, and the criminal statistics of that town show that during the last two years not a single murder was committed there or within twenty miles around this municipality.

## IVORY FROM SIBERIA.

### Skeletons of Mastodons Found in Rivers and Swamps.

Siberia furnishes a large quantity of ivory to the markets of the world, but the production of it belongs to another age and to a species of animal that does not now exist. The ivory is cut from the tusks of mastodons, whose skeletons are found frozen in masses of ice or buried in the mud of Siberian rivers and swamps. The northern portion of the country abounds in extensive bogs, which are called urmans. In these are found the tusks of the mastodon, from which it is inferred that these animals lost their lives by venturing upon a surface that would not bear their weight. Of this region and its products Dr. Charles Wenyon writes:

"Even to wild animals these urmans are forbidden ground. The nimble stepping, broad-hoofed reindeer can sometimes cross them safely in the summer time, but most other large animals attempting to do so would be quickly engulfed, and this may be a partial explanation of the remains of mammoth and rhinoceros, which are so abundant and so widely diffused through these northern marsh lands of Siberia.

"In many cases the remains are so fresh and well preserved with their dark shaggy hair and under wool of reddish brown, their tufted ears and long curved tusks, that all the aborigines and even some of the Russian settlers persist in the belief that they are specimens of animals which still live, burrowing underground like moles, and which die the instant they are admitted to the light.

"Tusks which have been long or repeatedly exposed to the air are brittle and unserviceable, but those which have remained buried in the ice retain the qualities of recent ivory, and are a valuable article of merchandise. There is a great market for these mammoth tusks at Yakotsk, on the Lena, from which they find their way to the workshops of European Russia, and even to the ivory carvers of Canton.

## JEWISH RACE TEMPERATE.

Prof. Lombroso, the Italian criminologist, whose main theory is that criminality is a disease, and should be treated as such, recently talked to a representative of the Jewish Chronicle, of London. In the course of his remarks he commented upon the extraordinary freedom of the Jewish race from drunkenness, for which he could venture no reason. He stated, however, as a fact that whereas in an ordinary asylum 55 per cent. of the patients owed their insanity to alcoholism, in the Jewish lunatic asylum at Amsterdam there were no such cases.

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Probably the largest goose club in the world is that connected with the Robert Browning Settlement in South London. The club has now upon its books 10,000 names, and it is estimated that through its agency 60,000 people are provided with a substantial Christmas dinner every year.

At Liverpool recently a number of women were proceeded against for carrying on money-lending business without being registered. It was stated that the rate of interest charged on small loans ranged from 800 per cent. to 1,340 per cent. Fines of \$20 and costs were imposed in five cases.

## ENGLISH EXTRAVAGANCE.

### Women of All Classes Said to Spend Too Much on Clothes.

A dozen years ago the simplicity of dress, not to say tastelessness, of the average English woman was so marked that she was held up before the women of the whole world either as a model of unobtrusiveness or hideousness. One served the same purpose as the other, for underlying both was the fact that English women expended less money on dress than others.

The tradesman's wife could never by any chance escape detection. Her clothes gave her away. The shopgirl paid no attention whatever to dress so long as she was warmly clad in the winter and had a white cotton dress or two in the summer. As for the factory girl, she was completely satisfied if she had plenty of feathers to stick in the front of her great hat.

What has happened in the meantime to English women? asks a London correspondent. They have developed a tendency in dress which has made them conspicuously eager for self-adornment and increased their spending capacity tenfold.

The woman of fashion no longer thinks of dressing as she did formerly. The advent of French dressmakers was simultaneous with the new inclinations.

Fashionable dressmakers used to starve in London. Now they become millionaires. I could name a dozen or more fashionable establishments of this sort which are now the vogue merely because English women insist on spending unwonted sums on their clothes. The shopgirl, too, no longer looks like a frump, but dresses, if not so elegantly, far beyond her limited means.

## NOVEL POSTAL SERVICE.

In Milan letters are now collected from the street pillar-boxes by an electric travelling post-office over a journey of fifteen miles; sorting and stamping are done during the run from one box to another; and at the end of each circuit the letters are handed over for immediate delivery.



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**E. J. POLLARD.**

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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THE NAPNAEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig .....	\$1.65
THE NAPNAEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness .....	\$1.50
THE NAPNAEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun .....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers .....	\$2.40
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## CANKERS ON APPLE TREES.

Many Ontario Apple Growers have complained that an unusually large number of branches are dying on their older apple trees and not a few of the younger trees have been killed outright. The trouble has usually been attributed to the Sun-Scald and Oyster-Shell Scale. Investigations this Autumn, however, have shown that the greater part of such damage can be traced to Cankers, caused either by a fungus disease known as Black Rot or a bacterial disease known as Bear Blight, Fire Blight, or Twig Blight. The Black Rot attacks also the leaves and fruit causing the latter to rot. On the surface of the rotten fruit little black pustules or pimples almost one-third the size of a pin-head appear after a time. These pimples contain spores which when set free are carried by the wind from tree to tree and help spread the disease in the summer. Either kind of canker may cause diseased areas on the trunk and large branches or at the main crotch. It is not easy to tell in every case to which disease a canker is due.

A Blight Canker, however, often begins by attacking a water-sprout and running down it into the trunk, crotch or main branch and forming a large dead area there. This time of year such areas caused by Blight are usually distinctly marked off from the healthy bark by a crack between the two, and by the diseased bark being darker brown in color than the healthy bark and slightly shrunken. As a rule the surface of Blight Cankers is fairly smooth, not rough, checked or blackened and is free from pimples except in old cankers where other diseases have got in and caused these.

The Black Rot Canker, on the other hand is as a rule not distinctly marked off by a crack between it and the healthy bark. The central part, especially if more than a year old, is usually somewhat swollen and the bark is rough, black and checked. On part of the smoother surface there will nearly always be found numerous little black pimples or pustules about one-third the size of the head of a pin. These are the places where spores are produced that spread the disease in the spring of the year.

Both kinds of Cankers may live over from year to year and continue to increase in size. This is especially true of Black Rot Canker, though often this as well as the other may die out at the end of the first year. The diseased area may be small in either kind or again it may include the whole of the trunk and part of the branches, or may run for several feet along a single branch. In old trees only the branches are attacked.

Remedies—Where a tree is too badly attacked to give any hope of its recovery it should be cut down and burned as soon as possible for otherwise the disease will spread from it even through the tree itself be dead. In the same way dead or dying branches should be cut off and burned either this fall or early next spring, taking particular pains to see that the cut is made seven inches below any trace of the diseased area. All cuts thus made should be disinfected in the manner described below and then pointed. If this is done the frost will not injure them. Whenever a healthy stub is left after cutting off the cankered part of a branch it can be cut a fresh in the spring and grafted.

Where the cankered area are not too large, especially on the trunk and crotches, they should be neatly cut out with a knife or some sharp instrument until the healthy bark is reached. The wound thus made must be disinfected and pointed with white lead (free from turpentine). The painting should be repeated next spring to make

**900 Drops**

**CASTORIA**

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

**INFANTS & CHILDREN**

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -  
Aloes Senna -  
Rhubarb Sulfate -  
Aster Seed -  
Peppermint -  
St. Catharine's Sulfate -  
Warm Seed -  
Clovered Sugar -  
Winegum Flavors

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of  
*Dr. H. H. Pitcher.*  
**NEW YORK.**

At 6 months old  
**35 Doses - 35 CENTS**

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# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

*Dr. H. H. Pitcher.*

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

**CASTORIA**

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## Stop That Cold

To check early colds or Grippe with "Preventics" means sure defeat for Pneumonia. To stop a cold with Preventics is safer than to let it run and be obliged to cure it afterwards. To be sure, Preventics will cure even a deeply seated cold, but taken early—at the snuggo stage—they break, or head off these early colds. That's surely better. That's why they are called Preventics. Preventics are little candy Cold Cures. No Quinine, no physic, nothing sickening. Nice for the children—and thoroughly safe too. If you feel chilly, if you sneeze, if you ache all over, think of Preventics. Promptness may also save half your usual sickness. And don't forget your child, if there is feverishness, night or day. Herein probably lies Preventics' greatest efficiency. Sold in 5c boxes for the pocket, also in the boxes of 43 Preventics. Insist on your druggists giving you

## Preventics

"ALL DEALERS"

in this way, they should be disinfected and painted at once, otherwise they let in the germs of the disease. Cankers usually start from wounds of some kind though some times these may be very small. Sun-Scald injuries also allow Canker germs to enter hence young trees should be protected against Sun-Scald by some one of the well-known devices for this purpose.

(2) Water sprouts should be kept off the trunks and main branches because, as said above, the Blight disease often runs down one of these and

## CHANCES IN GAMBLING.

The Rule of the Unexpected at the Tables in Monte Carlo.

There are systems, some will say, that will defeat the bank at Monte Carlo. I have not found one. The factors settle all systems. One is the bank's limit, which prevents the gambling system so often advanced; the second, the extraordinary idiosyncrasies of chance. Red or black will often run in long series. I saw fifteen reds come up in succession on one occasion, seventeen uneven numbers in an unbroken series on another. One evening on a losing day I was playing on the first six numbers and persistently for some hours the last twelve numbers invariably turned up. Once I saw 21 come up four times in succession when mathematically it should have taken 144 coups to make it show that number of times, and still more strange that on this occasion each time it came up a gentleman had staked the Bank on the number—namely, 150 francs—winning in ten minutes something over 21,000 francs. One readily sees by these instances the unexpected very often happens—in fact, more often than that not—Arthur Hewitt in Bohemian Magazine.

The Hog.

No other animal has been more modified by civilization and none reverts more quickly to the original wild type than the hog. Three generations of running wild suffice to turn the smooth round short snouted ancestor

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Any one sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is patentable. **HANDBOOK** on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$5.00 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

**MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York**  
Branch Office, 625 F. St., Washington, D. C.

**Just Like Her.**  
Hewitt—I didn't know that you lived on the first floor. I understood your wife to say that you lived on the second floor. Jewett—If you knew my wife you would know that she always stretches a story.—Exchange.

**They Married.**  
Trotter (who has been abroad)—So Maud and Charlie finally married? Miss Homer—Yes, Trotter—I suppose they are happy. Miss Homer—Undoubtedly; they each married some one else.—Chicago News.

What do we live for if not to make life less difficult to each other?—George Elliot.

**A Sarcastic Caddie.**  
Caddie (who can contain no longer his disgust at the indifferent display)—And ye say that ye hae dune this hole in twa?

Golfer (reminiscently)—Aye; I mind it fine. It was a gran' drive right out o' sight ye ken. And, man, when I cam' up I lay dild on the green!

Caddie (with deep disdain)—Wi' surprise, nae doot?

**No Variety.**  
The Prosperous Person There is no occasion for you to envy me, sir, man; I have justly many troubles as you have.

The Impoverished—But I don't see you have, but the difficulty with me is that I ain't got nothing else.

large, especially on the trunk and crotches, they should be neatly cut out with a knife or some sharp instrument until the healthy bark is reached. The wounds thus made must be disinfected and pointed with white lead (free from turpentine). The painting should be repeated next spring to make sure that no disease gets into the wounds. The best disinfectant to use is corrosive sublimate of the strength of part of this substance by weight to 1000 parts of water. Any druggist will supply the substance and explain how to make it up. The material will cost only a few cents. A wooden or glass vessel must be used instead of iron or tin as the substance will corrode these. Corrosive sublimate is deadly poison when taken internally, so care must be taken not to allow anything to drink the liquid, and to wash thoroughly the vessel before using it for any other purpose. The best way to disinfect the wound with corrosive sublimate is simply to tie a little sponge on a small pad of cloth on the end of a stick and, after dipping it into the liquid, wash over the surface of the ground. This will kill any kind of worm whatever.

To ward off cankers for the future it is necessary. (1) To prevent as far as possible injury to trees by such means as tearing off the bark by whiffle trees or other implements or by boots in climbing. If wound are made

#### Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out of this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

also allow Canker germs to enter hence young trees should be protected against Sun-Scald by some one of the well-known devices for this purpose.

(2) Water sprouts should be kept off the trunks and main branches because, as said above, the Blight disease often runs down one of these and starts the canker below. A few minutes will usually suffice to remove all the water-sprouts from any ordinary trees.

(3) The trees must be carefully sprayed with Bordeaux mixture and special pains taken to see that the trunks and main branches are thoroughly covered with the Bordeaux. The first spraying should be done just before leaf buds burst, the second a few days before the blossoms open, and the third within a week after most of the blossoms have fallen. Half a pound of Paris Green should be added to each barrel of Bordeaux and the whole kept well agitated while spraying. The spraying will then not only do a great deal to keep off cankers but will also kill most of the Codling Moths (which cause the wormy apples) the Cigar Case-bearers, Pistol Case-bearers, Canker Worms, Bud Moths, and many other insects, and in addition will keep the apples free from scab, so that orchardists should thus get a return for the time and money spent in the form of healthier trees and more and better fruit. Care should be taken in every case to see that the spraying is thoroughly done at the times mentioned. Orchards that are kept properly pruned and sprayed have been found to be very much less affected with canker than those that are neglected.

L. CAESAR,

Agricultural College,  
Guelph.

#### CONCERNING FREE WINTER COURSES IN AGRICULTURE

Dear Sir,—

During the months of January and February, the regular work of this College is supplemented by Short Courses, intended to meet the requirements of busy farmers, who are unable to get away from home at any other season of the year. Last year nearly five hundred men attended these special classes. We invite you to be one of the number to attend next January.

For these Short Courses there is absolutely no charge and no examination. Each day will be spent in practical work as follows: Judging the seeds of the principal farm crops; examining and identifying the weed seeds commonly found in grass and clover seed; judging the various breeds of live stock, including horses, sheep, swine and poultry; judging, grading and packing apples, pears, peaches, etc.; cultivation, storage and marketing of vegetables; making and packing butter and cheese and testing milk, cream, etc.

We have issued an illustrated calendar descriptive of the various courses we are prepared to offer. Drop us a post card asking for a copy. It will interest you.

Reduced rates are attainable on all railroads and the cost of living is extremely moderate. The average personal expense, including travelling and living expenses, should not exceed \$12.00 to \$15.00 for a period of two weeks. This is an opportunity no enterprising farmer should miss. May we send you our illustrated booklet?

Yours very truly,

G. C. CULMAN.

Guelph, Nov. 1908.

#### Dunlop's Cut Flowers.

Order Dunlop's choice cut flowers at Wallace's Drug Store. Special prices to lodges, clubs, etc., for funeral designs.

#### The Hog.

No other animal has been more modified by civilization and none reverts more quickly to the original wild type than the hog. Three generations of running wild suffice to turn the smooth, round, short snouted razor-back or hazel splitter thin, lank, leggy, lip curled, snarl snouted, an Ishmael in habits, running like a deer, if running be possible, fighting as only a wild hog can fight when battle is imperative. The tusks, which have been mutilated in the process of civilization, get back size and strength. At a year old they are formidable, at two years, at three or five more deadly than a sword. They afford a certain index of age up to six years, but are commonly broken in fights long before that time. Wild hogs are very ill tempered and when worsted in fighting often revenge themselves by ripping the bark from trees as high as they can reach.

#### Her Exercise.

Many readers think insufficient exercise is responsible for worrying moods. "Dare I whisper it," writes one correspondent. Although I am a married woman, with two bonnie bairns, when my worries and temper prove too much for me I shut myself up in my room and dance a wild Scotch reel. I always did it when I got in a temper as a child as a sort of vent to my feelings, and I do it still and probably shall continue to do so as long as I'm sufficiently energetic.

Certainly a Scotch reel ought to provide enough exercise to exorcise any demon of worry if lack of exercise is the cause of it.

#### A Bad Quarrel.

"Why don't you try to get him to straighten up?"

"He's his own worst enemy."

"Well?"

"It's pretty hard to patch up that kind of a quarrel."

#### Describing the Climate.

"Is your climate changeable?" asked the stranger.

"Not very," answered Farmer Corn-tassel. "It keeps shiftin' around a little till it strikes a kind of weather nobody likes; then it sticks."

#### Many Will Be Helped By It.

Tells How To Prepare a Simple Mixture To Overcome Disease.

To relieve the worst forms of Rheumatism, take a teaspoonful of the following mixture after each meal and at bedtime:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces.

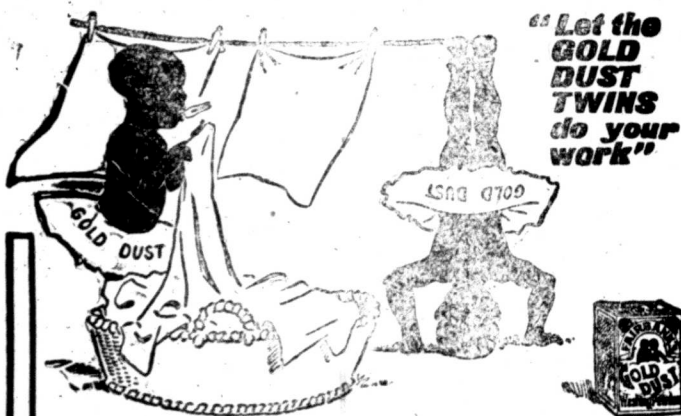
These harmless ingredients can be obtained from the home druggists, and are easily mixed by shaking them well in a bottle. Relief is generally felt from the first few doses.

This prescription forces the clogged up, inactive kidneys to filter and strain from the blood the poisonous waste matter and uric acid, which causes Rheumatism.

As Rheumatism is not only the most painful and torturous disease, but dangerous to life, this simple recipe will no doubt be greatly valued by many sufferers here at home, who should at once prepare the mixture to get this relief.

It is said that a person who would take this prescription regularly, a dose or two daily, or even a few times a week, would never have serious Kidney or Urinary disorders or Rheumatism.

Cut this out and preserve it. Good Rheumatism prescriptions, which really relieve are scarce, indeed, and when you need it, you want it badly.



### Gold Dust Stands Alone

in the washing powder field—it has no substitute. You must either use

### Gold Dust Washing Powder

or something inferior—there is no middle ground.

Buy GOLD DUST and you buy the best.

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST

Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloths, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleaning bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

**GOLD DUST makes hard water soft**

## 1000 ISLANDS-ROCHESTER



Storen, "but I never liked the Limerick people, because they are so clannish. Every Limerick blackthorn here will get a prize if Storen has anything to say about it."

Similar complaints were lodged against Stack and Fagan, who are County Mayo and County Galway men respectively:

"Well, do ye appoint your own judges?" said Kavanagh. "An' thin ye'd have nobody to blame. Casey, stand aside there, an' let Kelly 'up at th' bar."

The canes—forty-three of them and four shillalah—were deposited behind the bar, which was decorated with green ribbons. Each stick was numbered and also bore the name of the owner or the person who entered it for exhibition.

Men like Capt Storen and Pat Fagan, who are experts in blackthorn lore, declared it was the finest exhibit of the kind ever seen in America. Some of the sticks were grown in the Gratiowood woods, County Clare, a spot that for centuries has been famous for its blackthorns. Among the lot was a shillalah, about two feet in length, with a large nubbin at one end, which the owner proudly asserted was wielded by his great grandfather against the English at Vinegar Hill in 1798.

This cudgel was originally the property of Peter Fulham, a Wexford lad. It now is owned by Dr. Peter Foley, of Nashua, N. H., who is visiting in South Chicago.

Another stick with a history was the entry of Patrick Loftus. It was a thornless cane, known as "Land League Stick," because it once belonged to Michael Davitt, the Irish leader. It has crossed the Atlantic several times.

There wasn't a stick in the exhibit that a story could not be written about and some of the tales would have to do with landlords who had suffered a broken head if the history given by the owners is true.

The contest, which was the first of its kind ever held in Chicago, was started in this way:

One day just a month ago yesterday, Andrew McCarthy and Thomas Ahern, workers in the steel mills, were drinking in Kavanagh's place when an argument came up over blackthorns. Each insisted that he possessed the finest stick that ever came out of the "old den," and it finally was decided to let three consecutive judges decide.

McCarthy and Ahern fetched their sticks to the "shebeen" at 8952 Commercial avenue, and Kavanagh hung them up behind the bar. News of the unique contest spread throughout South Chicago, and others entered sticks until there was a total of forty-seven.

For the last three weeks the blackthorn contest has been the paramount topic in the southern section of the city. The interest was not confined to persons of Irish nationality, one of the entrants being a Jew, who came into possession of a blackthorn which had been left by its original owner with a pawnbroker on the Strand.

After a thorough inspection of the exhibits the judges awarded prizes as follows:

First prize for blackthorn stick to Andrew McCarthy, 8935 Escanaba avenue.

Second prize, William Kavanagh, 9000 Commercial avenue.


Third prize, Frank Doyle, 8957 Escanaba avenue.

The shillalah prize was awarded to Mrs. Daniel Hartnett, 219 North St. Louis avenue.

reader that swims.

The swordfish is the overlord of the sea. Neither the whale, the shark nor any other giant of the deep can conquer him in private fight or public brawl. Nevertheless he is peaceful in the main and seeks the simple life, amusing himself often with worldwide travel and always with delicate gustatory joys. He is the daintiest feeder that swims, always kills his own game and thereby insures its freshness, wherefore his flesh is a delight to the palate of mankind and wherefore, again, men go forth to kill him for market and thereby at times fall upon adventures that make the hunting of tigers and the shooting of grizzlies pale into pastimes for the weary weakling.

For the bold swordfish is still hunted in mode as primitive as that the Eskimo uses to kill the stupid whale, and often the sting of the harpoon changes this luxurious ocean gastronome into a raging water devil, quick to perceive his advantage, charging with the speed of a bullet and the accuracy of a swordsman up against the lone fisherman in the dory who tries to bring him to gaff. Then must the fisherman measure with exactness the lunge of the monster, avoid it by a marvel of nice sidestepping in a plunging dory, or he will be spitted like a lark.—William Inglis in Harper's Weekly.



**HANDS COVERED WITH ECZEMA**

"For three weeks I actually had to be fed like one feeds a baby, because my hands and arms were so covered with eczema that they had to be bound up all the time."

That is the experience of Miss Violet M. McSorley, of 75, Gore Street, Sault Ste. Marie. She adds: "I could not hold spoon nor fork. From finger tips to elbows the dreaded disease spread, my finger nails came off and my flesh was one raw mass. The itching and the pain were almost excruciating. I had three months of this torture and at one time amputation was discussed."

"Zam-Buk alone saved my hands and arms. I persevered with it and in the end had my reward. Today, I am cured completely of every trace of the dreaded eczema, and I fervently hope that sufferers from skin disease may know of my case and the miracle Zam-Buk has worked."

Zam-Buk is without equal for eczema, ringworm, ulcers, abscesses, piles, cracked hands, cold sores, chapped places, and all skin injuries and diseases. Druggists and stores at 50 cents a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for same price. You are warned against dangerous substitutes sometimes offered as "just as good."

**Zam-Buk**

times the value of the same weight in pure gold.

New to the Game.

"What is this supposed to be?" inquired the diner in the restaurant.

"It isn't," said the waiter, "I only started here this morning."

**SOLID FOOD MEANT AGONY.**

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets cured her Indigestion—made her stomach strong and well. To-day she eats anything she wishes, enjoys it and suffers no pain.

Mrs. Ellen Butler, 27 Collahie street, Toronto, suffered so from Indigestion that for years to put a bit of solid food in her stomach meant agony for hours. She had tried many remedies without any permanent relief, but when she commenced using Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets she immediately improved. After taking three boxes she was able to eat anything without the slightest distress. Sixty tablets, 25 cents. (25)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

**Steamboat Company, Limited.**

**1000 ISLANDS-ROCHESTER**

Steamers

**North King and Caspian**

Leave Deseronto at 3.55 a.m., daily except Monday, for Picton, Kingston and Thousand Island Point. Returning leave Deseronto at 9.55 p.m. for Charlotte, N.Y. (Port of Rochester.)

Tickets and full information from

E. E. FORSEY, J. L. BOYES,  
General Manager, Agent,  
Kingston, Ont. Napanee, Ont.

Just a Word.

We have just to hand another large consignment of Lipton's celebrated tea at prices ranging from 25c, 30c, and 50c. They are fine, try our 25c. Ceylon Tea, it has arrived and is becoming more popular every day.

The Canada Co.

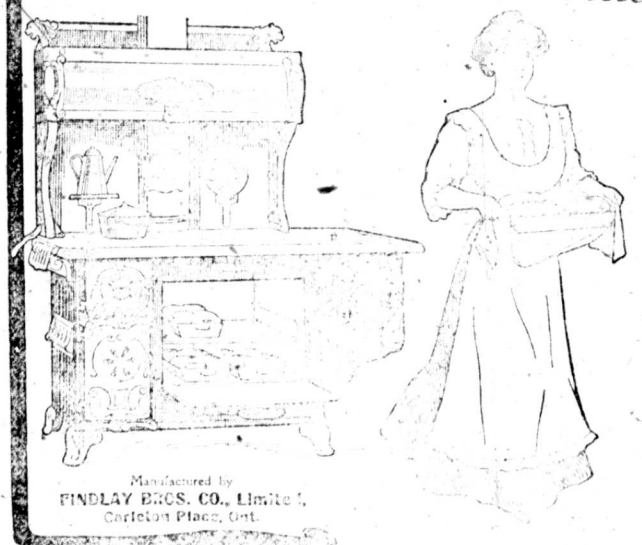
"A good Range and good Cooking is essential to the health and contentment of every home."

**BUY A UNIVERSAL FAVORITE AND YOU BUY THE BEST**

Note the large Oven, 16 loaves of bread in pans 4 1/2 x 10 at one baking.

You take no risk, as every Range is fully guaranteed.

*Universal Favorite*



Manufactured by  
**FINDLAY BROS. CO., Limited**  
Cortland Place, Ont.

For Sale by **BOYLE & SON, Napanee, Ont.**

**POSITIVELY FREE!**

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

**Hennequin's Infant Tablets**

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mrs. E. R. McBride, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Miss JAMES HINDALL, Burrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and repay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

**DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.**

Mfgs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste! A. A. A., etc., etc.

When writing please mention this paper.

**CASTORIA.**

Beers the Kind You Have Always Bought

Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*





# Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.  
Eastern Standard Time. No. 30. Taking effect Oct 19th, 1906.

Harnockburn and Toronto to Napanee and Deseronto				Deseronto and Napanee to Toronto and Harnockburn			
Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 4	Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3
Harnockburn	0	A.M.	P.M.	Deseronto	0	A.M.	P.M.
Adrian	1	7:00	1:00	Deseronto	1	7:00	1:00
Queensboro	2	7:05	1:05	Deseronto	2	7:05	1:05
Brantford	3	7:10	1:10	Deseronto	3	7:10	1:10
Two Rivers	4	7:15	1:15	Deseronto	4	7:15	1:15
Windsor	5	7:20	1:20	Deseronto	5	7:20	1:20
Lafayette	6	7:25	1:25	Deseronto	6	7:25	1:25
Windsor	7	7:30	1:30	Deseronto	7	7:30	1:30
Windsor	8	7:35	1:35	Deseronto	8	7:35	1:35
Windsor	9	7:40	1:40	Deseronto	9	7:40	1:40
Windsor	10	7:45	1:45	Deseronto	10	7:45	1:45
Windsor	11	7:50	1:50	Deseronto	11	7:50	1:50
Windsor	12	7:55	1:55	Deseronto	12	7:55	1:55
Windsor	13	8:00	2:00	Deseronto	13	8:00	2:00
Windsor	14	8:05	2:05	Deseronto	14	8:05	2:05
Windsor	15	8:10	2:10	Deseronto	15	8:10	2:10
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Windsor	18	8:25	2:25	Deseronto	18	8:25	2:25
Windsor	19	8:30	2:30	Deseronto	19	8:30	2:30
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Windsor	21	8:40	2:40	Deseronto	21	8:40	2:40
Windsor	22	8:45	2:45	Deseronto	22	8:45	2:45
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Windsor	24	8:55	2:55	Deseronto	24	8:55	2:55
Windsor	25	9:00	3:00	Deseronto	25	9:00	3:00
Windsor	26	9:05	3:05	Deseronto	26	9:05	3:05
Windsor	27	9:10	3:10	Deseronto	27	9:10	3:10
Windsor	28	9:15	3:15	Deseronto	28	9:15	3:15
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Kingston and Sydneyham to Napanee and Deseronto				Deseronto and Napanee to Sydneyham and Kingston			
	Stations	Miles	No. 1, No. 3, No. 4		Stations	Miles	No. 1, No. 3, No. 4
Live	Kingston	0	A.M. P.M.	Live	Deseronto	0	A.M. P.M.
	O. T. R. Junction	1	7:00 1:00	Live	Napanee	7	7:00 12 00 4:00
	Glennville	10	7:10 1:10	Live	Sirchouan	13	8:03 12 25 4:10
	Murvale	14	7:20 1:20		Stowburgh	17	8:15 12 35 4:20
Art	Harrowsmith	18	7:30 1:30		Thornton's Mills	18	8:20 12 40 4:25
	Sydneyham	24	8:00 1:40	Art	Camden East	19	8:30 12 45 4:30
Live	Harrowsmith	19	8:10 1:50	Art	Yarker	23	8:45 1:00 4:35
	Frontenac	23	8:20 2:00		Frontenac	23	8:55 1:05 4:40
Art	Yarker	24	8:30 2:05	Art	Harrowsmith	30	9:10 1:10 4:45
	Yarker	24	8:40 2:10		Sydneyham	34	9:20 1:15 4:50
Live	Camden East	25	8:50 2:15	Live	Harrowsmith	29	9:10 1:10 4:45
	Thornton's Mills	31	9:00 2:20		Murvale	25	9:20 1:15 4:50
Live	Newburgh	32	9:10 2:25		Glennville	31	9:30 1:20 4:55
	Sirchouan	34	9:20 2:30		O. T. R. Junction	41	9:50 1:25 5:00
Art	Napanee	39	9:30 2:35	Art	Deseronto	49	10:00 1:30 5:05
	Napanee, West End	40	9:40 2:40				



MR.  
GEORGE  
AMORY

"I caught a cold last winter and it settled in throat and head, developing a most persistent catarrh, which seemed to defy all medicines until I tried Peruna. Before I had used two bottles I considered myself cured."

**Those Who Slander  
Peruna Know Noth-  
ing About It.**

THE PEOPLE WHO USE IT ARE THE  
ONLY RELIABLE WITNESSES.

**Read The Enthusiastic Testimonials on  
This Page.**

**These Testimonials Were Given Out of Pure Gratitude  
For The Benefit Received From Pe-ru-na.**

### Throat and Head.

Mrs. I. D. Hayes, 1937 Druid Hill, Baltimore, Md., writes:

"Peruna is one of the best remedies for grippe, cold in the head, sore throat, nervous headaches, and coughs that has ever been discovered. After the use of one bottle in my family I don't feel safe without Peruna in my home."

In a later letter Mrs. Hayes says: "I am never without a bottle of Peruna in the house. I find it good for most every complaint. I give the children Peruna if they have a cold and it always relieves them. I don't think I could find a better remedy to give my children."

It is so easy to criticize things about which the critic knows nothing.

Take, for instance, Peru. There are plenty of people who are willing to say Peru is this and that, who never have tasted Peru, and have never known anything about its effects upon the human system.

There are people who say, and probably believe, that Peruna is used as a average by some people. It would rather cast them in the world to show the falsity of such a belief.

Let any one who reads this go to the drug store and purchase a bottle of Peruna. If, after attempting to use it

as a beverage or to take it in doses sufficient to produce anything like intoxication, if after putting it to the test such a person is still of the opinion that Peruna is a disguised alcoholic drink, he will be warranted in making such a statement. Practically, Peruna cannot be so used. Any one who knows anything about Peruna by personal use knows that Peruna is a medicine. The very label on the bottle, giving the principal active ingredients, furnishes indisputable proof that Peruna is a medical compound. We will be willing to guarantee that no normal person can or will use Peruna as a beverage. If any one thinks this remedy can

be so used one trial will be sufficient to  
disabuse his mind.

Peruna is a great and useful family medicine. It is used in multitudes of homes. It has become a standard remedy for various petty ailments in the home. It is especially useful for climatic diseases. It is an excellent remedy for colds. It is a well-tried remedy for catarrh in all forms.

We have a multitude of testimonials recommending it for colds, for bronchitis, for various affections of the respiratory and alimentary organs.

This is well known to all who know  
Peruna by actual experience.

**"Cures All Catarrhal Diseases."**  
Mr. I. W. Kightlinger, Cambridge, Neb., writes: "I don't have any more trouble in my throat, and have not had a headache for four weeks."

"Peruna is the very medicine for catarrh. There is no medicine like it in the United States, for I have tried a good many before using Peruna.

"I will keep it in my house to guard against catarrh, as it cures all catarrhal diseases."

Mr. Allison, that the report be the total cost of Newburgh bridge adopted.	Carried.	Carried.
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Account, \$75.00, for extras re Newburgh bridge, was ordered to be paid.

Statement of Committee services, amounting to \$142.00, was on motion, ordered to be paid.

Account, Thos. Symington, for countersigning cheques during the year, \$5.00, was ordered to be paid. Moved by Mr. Paul, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that the Treasurer allow North Fredericksburgh County

Moved by Mr. Hamlin, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that the caretaker's salary be increased \$25.00 per annum.

starting June 1st, 1905, on account of Mr. Lane, seconded by  
of Mr. Bell having to rent residence Mr. Gelmore, that the Warden and  
which was formerly free. Carried. \*Chairman of County Property Com.

Moved by Mr. McGill, seconded by Mr. Burleigh, that the Warden and Clerk be authorized to issue all the

to you, for your information, the following statistics regarding the schools of the district for 1907:

I may state that the statistics for 1908, and other information, will be given at the meeting in January, 1909, these not being available at this date.

The interest of the people, efficiency in teaching and the tone of the schools have considerably improved in 1908.

I hereby express my gratitude and satisfaction to the Council for its liberality in the assisted school grants, in printing and in everything pertaining to the welfare of

All of which is respectfully submitted,

COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENT

## A ROYAL FUNERAL.

## Strange Ceremonies That Mark the Burial of a Spanish King.

Strange and almost weird is the ceremonial which accompanies the burial of Spanish kings. The pantheon, or royal tomb, is at the palace of the Alcázar, situated 3,300 feet above the level of the sea and some distance from the capital. Many kings, queens and mothers of kings are buried there, the coffins of the kings lying on one side, those of the queens on the other. After lying in state for several days in the throne room in Madrid an enormous procession, to be formed accompanying the body to the burial. A halt is made on the way, and the corpse







## HUSBAND AND WIFE

Both Restored to Health by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"Both myself and my wife can truthfully say that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been of great benefit to us, and we are constantly recommending them to our friends. Thus writes Mr. Ernest L. Archibald, Truro, N. S., who further says:—'In my own case I had been subject to dizzy headaches for over a year, and three boxes of the Pills completely cured me of the trouble. About a year ago my wife began to complain. She seemed to be completely run down; was very pale and weak; she could not walk up stairs without stopping on the way to get breath, and ultimately she grew so weak she could not sweep a floor without resting. She tried several tonics but received no benefit. Then I persuaded her to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and got her a half dozen boxes. After she had used a couple of boxes her appetite began to improve and the color to return to her face. She continued using the Pills until she had taken the six boxes, and to-day she is perfectly well, feels stronger and looks better than she has done for some years. While she was taking the Pills she gained twelve pounds in weight.'

Dr. Williams' Pills cure troubles like these because they are rooted in the blood. Bad blood is the cause of all common diseases like anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance, general weakness, and those ailments that only women folks know, with their attendant headaches and backaches and irregularities. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a sure cure when given a fair trial, because they enrich the blood and thus reach the root of disease. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## RAILWAY TO SACRED CITY.

Where Mahomet's Tomb is Now Lighted with Electricity.

The Hedjaz Railway is a remarkable undertaking. Not only does it link Damascus with Medina, the city that in the eyes of Mahomedans is second only in sanctity to Mecca itself, but it has been regarded from its inception as a sacred work, says the London Illustrated News.

It is perhaps the only Turkish enterprise in which bribery and corruption have not had place, for those concerned in it, from the highest to the lowest, dared give nothing but their best to an enterprise so closely associated with their religion. The line, moreover, was built with the money subscribed by Mahomedans the world over.

It is likely that the line will be continued to Mecca, and in his speech at the inauguration Mukhtar Bey promised that he would use every endeavor to secure the end. The actual opening ceremony was performed by the Grand Mufti of Damascus, and some interesting speeches followed.

In the course of his remarks Ali Kiamil said: "We are to-day celebrating three great events—the pilgrimage to Medina, the opening of the sacred railway, and the first constitutional anniversary of the Khalif of Islam. The Prophet did not permit the railway to reach the

## Time Heals Most Wounds

A Tale of Love and Disappointment

CHAPTER IV.—(Continued).

"I am afraid we must defer this discussion, Cyril; but I warn you that nothing will move me from the position that I have taken up. Think over what I have said, and prepare to make a sacrifice."

Harecastle stared perplexedly at his father, was about to speak, but changed his mind and left the library. In the hall he was greeted most effusively by Joel, who shook him warmly by the hand.

"Glad to see you have managed to get down at last. Your father has been very anxious for your presence."

"They moved aside to allow Ackroyd to pass. Harecastle greeted him with a surprised nod, as he recognized his fellow-traveller."

"I know that man," said Joel, when he had passed out of hearing. "Who is he?"

"I've not the least idea. We travelled from town together. That is all I know of him, save that he gave me an excellent cigar."

"I shall place him soon," Joel said confidently. "His face leaves rather an unpleasant impression upon my mind. But come along, my daughter and sister will be delighted to see you."

Joel would take no refusal, but linked his arm in that of the younger man and led him on to the terrace. Rebekah was looking her best. The walk had given her a color, or was it the pressure of Harecastle's hand? He seemed unfeignedly pleased to see her.

He would have given anything to be alone to his thoughts, but he did not care to be guilty of rudeness, so he did his best to be pleasant. But even Joel seemed to notice his absent-mindedness, and looked at him curiously.

"Is there any truth in Harecastle's engagement to Ethel Fetherston?" Joel asked himself, but he found that he could not make up his mind as to the answer to the question.

After a while Harecastle excused himself and retired to his own room. He was utterly bewildered at his father's action in refusing to consent to so suitable an engagement, and he wracked his brain to think what could be animating him in his opposition, but without success.

CHAPTER V.

The Earl was thankful to have been able to put an end to the interview with his son, for he realized that the attitude that he had taken up must appear inexplicable. He decided to consult with Joel. He did not intend to be absolutely frank with him, but merely to hint that there was a difficulty with regard to the projected marriage.

He had quite forgotten the announcement of a visitor, when Ackroyd was ushered into his presence. He looked at him with indifference, and decided to get rid of him at the earliest possible moment, for he felt sorely in need of a rest after the strain of the recent interview.

Ackroyd was in no haste to begin. He leant back comfortably.

"Would your lordship mind if I smoke? I can think so much better with a cigar in my mouth, and I am desirous of dealing with you as gently as possible."

The Earl motioned to the cigars, and with dry lips and strained eye watched his visitor slowly light one.

"As I was saying, some forty—or thirty, I believe, is correct—some thirty years ago your lordship was intrusted by the British Government with the charge of an important negotiation at St. Petersburg. Am I right?" Ackroyd asked cheerfully.

A nod of his head was his only answer, for he was incapable of speech.

"You carried out your work successfully, that is from the Russian point of view. It appears that about this time you were engaged to be married to a lady of wealth. Your own affairs were very much involved; and you found that it would be quite impossible to carry through this marriage without a very large sum of money. Your estates were entailed, and you could not raise the money in any direction; even the Jews failed you. Accordingly it became necessary to smother your conscience, and you decided to accept an offer made to you by the Russians."

Ackroyd ceased speaking, and looked gravely at the Earl. There was menace in his voice as he continued:

"That offer was nothing more or less than the sale of your country."

The Earl shrank back as though struck by a blow. His color came and went; his fingers clutched the palm of his hand, and his body trembled violently.

His tormentor waited for him to speak, but in vain.

"How do you know this?" he at last managed to utter, but his voice quavered, and he appeared to have aged suddenly by years.

"You received the price of your treason, your affairs were arranged and the marriage took place. But Nemesis was on your track; the transaction came to the knowledge of our Russian Ambassador. It was confided by him solely to the late Prime Minister. He sent for you, and I can well believe that the interview must have been painful to you."

The Earl shuddered, and clutched the arm of his chair.

"You were allowed to retire, and since then you have lived and enjoyed the respect of your many friends."

The Earl summed up all his courage and rose from his seat.

"I have listened with calmness think that this is an attempt to blackmail me. But you will not succeed; the whole story is a figment of your imagination."

Ackroyd smiled pleasantly.

"I speak of what I know to be the truth," he answered quietly.

The Earl laughed scornfully. He had decided to fight; for he felt it

"I can testify to the great merits of your Emulsion, especially in all diseases of a pulmonary nature. It has saved many lives that otherwise would have yielded to consumption . . . we keep Scott's Emulsion in the house all the time and all the family use it."—MR. C. J. BUDLONG, Box 158, Washington, R. I.

## Scott's Emulsion

does ALL it does by creating flesh and strength so rapidly that the progress of the disease is retarded and often stopped. It is a wonderful flesh builder and so easy to digest that the youngest child and most delicate adult can take it. If you are losing flesh from consumption or any other cause take SCOTT'S EMULSION. It will stop the wasting and strengthen the whole system.

Be sure to get SCOTT'S

ALL DRUGGISTS

Let us send you a copy of Mr. Budlong's letter—his case is really wonderful—and some interesting literature regarding our preparation. Just send us a card mentioning this paper.

SCOTT & BOWNE  
126 Wellington St., W. Toronto

shrieked shrilly; "I am a poor man."

"That is my price," he said firmly.

"You low blackmailer! Get out of my house! I will send for the police. You are only fit for gaol, you coward!"

"Softly, my lord, you are not one who should throw stones," Ackroyd said in a silken voice.

"If you had said a thousand pounds, I might have been able to manage it," the Earl said more calmly. "I am sorry to have called you names, but you drove me to it. I will give you a thousand pounds."

Ackroyd rose to his feet and laughed contemptuously, as the Earl produced a cheque book.

"It is more than I can afford. I am in debt, and have had to borrow money myself."

"That sum would not last me six months, and I have made up my mind to get from you a sufficiently large sum to keep me in comfort for the rest of my life. You must really be more generous, Lord Wolverholme. I am not asking for a tithe of the sum that you received for your treachery, and you have had the use of that for more than thirty years. They did not make you disgorge, you know. You must really be more generous."

"I cannot sustain this interview much longer. I have had an agitating day, and I am far from strong. I will give you five thousand pounds," he said desperately.

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speeches followed.  
In the course of his remarks Ali Khamil said: "We are to-day celebrating three great events, the pilgrimage to Medina, the opening of the sacred railway, and the first constitutional anniversary of the Khalif of Islam. The Prophet did not permit the railway to reach the Holy City before the Khalif had granted a constitution to his people."

It was after the line had been inaugurated that the special mission visited the electric plant which has been installed to supply electric light to the mosque, that contains the tomb of the Prophet. Later in the day the events of the hour were celebrated still further in that most modern method by the letting off of fireworks and by illumination.

Medina, like Mecca, is forbidden to all but Mahomedans, but the barrier has been broken on two or three occasions. The railway is no means the only modern thing that has reached the sacred city. Electricity too has come near, so a reader noted. In the mosque in which the tomb of Mahomer has its place the lights are hidden in many strange shades, including some of ostrich eggs and other odd Venetian and Bohemian glass.

### KEEP BABY WELL.

No matter whether baby is sick or well baby Owen Tablers found a way for kept in the house. This not only kept the baby in the house of childhood, but it kept him and should be given whenever one of the ones show the slightest signs of illness. Children take the Tablets as readily as candy, and they are absolutely safe. Mrs. Geo. Howell, Sandy Beach, Ore., says: "My baby was greatly troubled with colic and sleep night and day, but after giving him baby's Owen Tablets the trouble disappeared. I advised all mothers to use this medicine. It is a splendid all-around dealer for all ailments of infants. A box from Owen Tablers, Medicine, Kansas City, Mo."

### WIFE AND NEIGHBORS SMILE.

"The whole was a perfect success. At least, I thought it was a success. She missed me together one day for some time, and when he reappeared she smiled."

"Where have you been, my pet?" "Playing polo," replied the pet. "I gave a letter to all the boys in our road. Real letters, too."

"Where on earth did you get some?" questioned his mother, in amazement.

"They were those old ones in your wardrobe drawer, tied with ribbon," was the innocent reply.

"Well, now wants to know what a girl looked like."

"There is no such thing as a harmless enough. The little girl who had to wear an easel check. Allen's Lung Balm cures the worst of coughs. It soothes inflammation and clears the air passages."

"I am glad to say that my satisfaction made its mark in the world," observed the delighted mother. "Well, I suppose he wasn't the only one of those boys who couldn't write his name," replied the bored companion.

"The most perfect and delicious flavor of crystallized. Tea is preserved by the use of sealed lead packets. Order will be quick. It is fragrant, more fragrant and stronger than other teas."

that there was a difficulty with regard to the projected marriage.

He had quite forgotten the announcement of a visitor, when Ackroyd was ushered into his presence. He looked at him with indifference, and decided to get rid of him at the earliest possible moment, for he felt sorely in need of a rest after the strain of the recent strenuous conflict with his son.

"I am very busy this afternoon, Mr. Earl," said Ackroyd, and I hope that you will make your business as short as possible."

"That is my intention, my lord. But I fear that I shall have to detain you for some little time. May I take a seat?" Ackroyd asked sharply.

"Certainly. Very, please not to have asked yet. Now tell me what you are for," he asked with cold courtesy.

"I must first trouble you with a little of my private history. Quite recently I have been engaged by Mr. Felix Sholto to assist him in sorting the private papers of the late Prime Minister."

Ackroyd carefully watched his victim, but the Earl had not wholly lost the self-control given to him by his diplomatic training, and he looked calmly and coldly at his visitor.

"Among these papers I have found certain letters, which I think your lordship will find interest in personally."

"In what way, Mr. Ackroyd?" These letters refer to a matter which took place some thirty years ago.

"Rather ancient history, is it not?" the Earl interrupted. His manner was calm, but his face had suddenly grown very white, and his eyes were strained with anxiety. "I am afraid that I shall not find it a base saluony, and I can only say that it is interesting, and I really am extremely busy. I am sorry to cut short our interview."

The Earl rose from his seat, but his knees trembled, and he was forced to rest himself. Ackroyd looked at him steadily, and a faint smile watched his mouth.

"I regret to have to cause you inconvenience, but I am unable to leave you until we have arrived at an understanding. I say this in your own interest, Lord Wolverholme," he said, with ominous gravity.

Indecision was depicted on the Earl's face. He longed to turn the man out, but he dared not do so. A dread fear clutched him that his sin had found him out; his heart throbbed wildly, and he pressed his hand to his heart.

For a year or two after his treason, he had lived in dread of the world gaining knowledge of his dastardly sale of his country, but time had lulled him into security, and it was only at rare intervals that he ever thought of the black deed of his life. He gasped for breath, and rising unsteadily, half pulled a tumbler with neat spirit and gulped it down.

"I really do not understand you, and I am not well enough to prolong this interview," he managed to say at last.

"I see that your lordship is indisposed, and I can well understand it," Ackroyd rose with a pleasant smile, and walked slowly towards the door. He had not mis-calculated, for as soon as his hand touched the knob, the Earl called to him peremptorily.

"Perhaps I had better hear you," he said feebly, waving him once more to the chair.

"I have listened with calmness to think that this is an attempt to blackmail me. But you will not succeed; the whole story is a figment of your imagination."

Ackroyd smiled pleasantly.

"I speak of what I know to be the truth," he answered quietly.

The Earl laughed scornfully. He had decided to fight; for he felt it extremely improbable that the Prime Minister could have left evidence to convict him, and what else had he to fear?

"I think it unnecessary to prolong this interview," he said with an effort at calmness.

"Just as you please. It is a matter of perfect indifference to me; there are those who will receive it with welcome arms. Good afternoon, my lord."

As he rose, he took the letters from his pocket.

"What have you there?" the Earl demanded eagerly.

"At the outset of this interview, I told you that I had found certain letters. I did not lie, here they are."

He held them forth, and the Earl eagerly stretched forth his hand.

"I am afraid I cannot part with them, even for a moment, they are of value to me. You may look at them if you wish, but I thought your lordship declared that the whole affair was a figment of my imagination," Ackroyd said jeeringly.

But his face wore a triumphant expression. He felt that he held the whip hand, and the the Earl would eventually pay.

"But they are gibberish," the Earl cried as he looked at the letters which were held up to his view. Merely a cipher.

He took another paper from his pocket, which he handed over.

"I have carefully decoded the letters, and here is an accurate copy. I can make you a present of it if you like, but stay. You knew the Prime Minister's handwriting; you had better satisfy yourself that the originals were written by him."

A fear that was pitiful had seized hold of the Earl, and it was with difficulty that he read the paper, owing to the violent trembling of his hands. The document fluttered to the floor, and the Earl fell back into his chair. His face was ashen white, and his breast heaved spasmodically.

"Quick," he gasped, "in that drawer—get the bottle."

Ackroyd ran to the drawer.

"Pour out . . . a dose . . . or I shall die . . . my heart!"

Ackroyd did as he was bade, and his victim drank the medicine.

He anxiously gazed at the Earl, but there was no pity in his concern, for he only thought of the money that he was to gain. Death, or even a serious illness, would ruin his plans, and he would have to go empty away.

He watched the effect of the drug, and the color gradually returned to the Earl's face, but his lips were grey.

"I am beaten," the Earl said, noticing. "What is your price?"

"I am sorry to have caused you all this distress. I would that I could have entirely avoided the necessity of this interview. I am a poor man, my lord; my life has been full of vicissitudes, and I am on my beam ends."

"For God's sake, cut the cackle. How much, man?" the Earl said fiercely.

"I want fifty thousand pounds," the other said with deliberation.

"You are mad—mad," the Earl

more than thirty years. They did not make you disgorge, you know. You must really be more generous."

"I cannot sustain this interview much longer. I have had an agitating day, and I am far from strong. I will give you five thousand pounds," he said desperately. "I have named my price, which is a moderate one, when you think what I am selling. It means your good name—more than that. Your son, too, would be ostracized if this were known. There would be a public outcry; for the last thing that the British public will endure is treason. You will be hounded from the country, and the name of Lord Wolverholme would be synonymous with everything contemptible. You would not have a friend in the world. Salvation from this is surely cheap at the price I ask you to pay."

(To be Continued.)

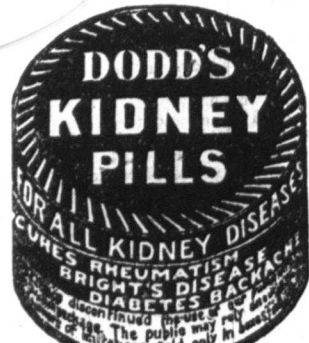
### ENGLAND ON THE WATER WAGON.

Charles Roberts, M. P., in his book on "The Time Limit and Local Option" brings out the fact, revealed by the Home Office returns, that of the 12,995 civil parishes in rural districts in England and Wales there are 3,903 (more than 30 per cent.) in which there is no license. In the county of Lincolnshire 45 per cent. are no license parishes.

### A REST CURE.

In giving due credit to the wonderful remedial Springs of Europe we are apt to lose sight of the value of the ones nearer home. About one thousand springs of various medicinal virtues exist in America. Of one of them Hare's System of Therapeutics (1891), page 323, thus speaks: "A number of Saline Springs exist in America and Europe, very strong water of this kind being the St. Catharines Well in Canada, which contains about 275 grains sodium chloride to the pint, as well as 135 grains calcium chloride. Its prototype in Europe is the celebrated Kreutzach Springs in Prussia, which contains about 110 grains sodium chloride (Kurbunnen)." Other references are Encyclopaedia, The Allbatts System of Medicine, etc. The Grand Trunk Railway System's trains run direct to St. Catharines and further information can be obtained from their representatives. Apply to J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

\$1,500,000,000 is the amount believed to be hoarded in India. This refers to gold alone, and does not include silver rupees and silver ornaments.



## DAIRY FARMING IN HOLLAND.

President J. H. Worst, of the North Dakota Agricultural College, who recently made a tour of the dairy countries of Europe, reports that in Holland the most remarkable of all dairy countries, the farmers support an astonishing number of cows on a very small area. In some cases the land is made to carry two or three cows to the acre. For the entire country the land will carry a half to whole cow to the acre. The ordinary 20 acre farm carries 10 to 20 cows, with the horses necessary to do the farm work, and three sheep to each cow.

On the best soil the 20 acre farm will carry 20 cows, three to four horses and 60 sheep, with the usual flocks of poultry. This means pasturage and soiling for the animals in the summer and grains, roots, hay and roughage in the winter. The cows are the gigantic "black and white," known there as Friesian and here as Holstein-Friesian cows, and their average production for the country is over 9,000 pounds of fine milk per head. Evidently the Hollanders must practice intensive farming and gilt edge of the most intense stripe. At all events such farming figures as those quoted cast a lurid light on the American 160 acre farm that carries at a loss 15 to 20 cows, several horses and no sheep or poultry.

The Holland land sells at \$600 to \$2,000 per acre, while the American land is rated at \$5 to \$30 per acre. The tenant farmer in Holland pays a rent of \$50 to \$100 per acre, and by intensive culture and great yield of cows he makes a living, clears the heavy rental, maintains or increases the fertility of his soil and lays up some money.

President Worst reports his visit to the Leeuwarden co-operative creamery. That creamery receives milk from 2,000 cows and makes cheese and butter and sells milk. In the year ending May 12, 1906, the creamery made 373,554 pounds of butter that was sold for \$85,726, with 257,251 pounds of cheese that sold for \$25,512, a total of \$161,446 for the year. The farmers, who are the shareholders of the creamery received \$143,228 for their milk. That means an income of \$7.16 per cow for milk, while the fertilizer produced by the cows, and the value of their calves either to sell or rear, swelled the average earnings of their cows considerably.

## COLD BROUGHT ON KIDNEY DISEASE

### BRANTFORD LADY SUFFERED TILL CURED BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

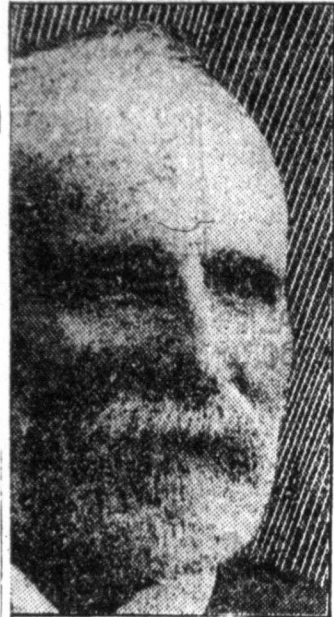
Mrs. A. H. Thomson had Heart Disease, Lumbago and Rheumatism, and Tells How She was Restored to Health.

Brantford, Ont., Oct. 12. — (Special)—How Colds, La Grippe and other minor ills settle on the Kidneys and develop Rheumatism, Heart Disease, Bright's Disease and other terribly dangerous ailments; and how any and all of them are cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills is fully shown in the case of Mrs. A. H. Thomson, whose home is at 48 Albion Street, this city.

Mrs. Thomson was, some years ago, taken with Cold and La Grippe and Rheumatism, which affected

## NASAL CATARRH PRODUCES DEAFNESS RELIEF IN PE-RU-NA

Mr. R. J. Arless, 401 City Hall Ave., Montreal, Quebec, is an old gentleman of wide acquaintance, having served thirty-eight years in the General Post-office of Montreal, a record which speaks for itself. Concerning his use of Peruna, see letter given below.



MR. R. J. ARLESS.

"I have been afflicted with nasal catarrh to such a degree that it affected my hearing.

"This was contracted some twenty years ago by being exposed to draughts and sudden changes of temperature.

"I have been under the treatment of specialists and have used many drugs recommended as specifics for catarrh in the head and throat—all to no purpose.

"About three years ago I was induced by a confrere in office to try Peruna.

"After some hesitation, as I had doubts as to results after so many failures, I gave Peruna a trial, and am happy to state that after using eight or ten bottles of Peruna I am much improved in hearing, and in breathing through the nostrils."

conducted by the Capuchin Fathers in Belfast.

A large number of the silver coins of different values, of George the Third's time, were dug up near Clondorh House, Macroom.

The Early Closing Order came into force in Enniskillen, and all the shops to which the act applied were closed at 2 o'clock Saturday.

A vein of iron oxide is reported to have been discovered on the lands of a farmer named Young at Upper Drumrighland, near Limavady.

The death is much regretted of Mr. William Marriman, who for over a quarter of a century was stationmaster at Miltnownalaby, Co. Clare.

A payment of \$5,000 has been forwarded to the Lord Mayor of Belfast as the first instalment of a grant towards relief of distress in the city.

The Bangor Urban Council has passed a vote of thanks to Lady Clanmorris, who has made a gift to them of the Cottage Hospital and grounds.

A considerable improvement is reported in the manufacturing de-

## THE BUTTER MAKING

The oily flower that is found in so much of the cream-gathered butter is due to keeping the cream too long at, and churning at a high temperature, says an exchange. When the cream is cooled and churned at once the flavor is never noticed. It also helps to overcome the sour rancid flavors due to old and over-ripe cream by getting the cream into butter as soon as possible. By using the pasteurizer, the best all round satisfaction is given, especially if the cream is not too sour or over-ripe and testing over twenty-five per cent. fat. Where cream can be obtained under these conditions a pasteurizer certainly should be installed and used. A good culture is also essential, but owing to the difficulty of getting skim or whole milk, and the extra care that a cream culture takes, few of the makers use one continually. The cream in the vat should be stirred often to get an even temperature and acidity. If left without being stirred, the cream around and next to the cold water and ice will be colder and thus develop less acid than the cream in the centre of the vat, which will be of a higher temperature, thus not giving an exhaustive churning.

## DAIRY NOTES.

Quebec is the largest producer of creamery butter of all the provinces in Canada. During the seven years, 1900 to 1907, Quebec increased her production of butter by 26 per cent. and the value of her butter products by 43 per cent. In the same period, Quebec decreased her production of cheese by 15.37 but the value only decreased 0.57 per cent.

During the year 1900 to 1907 the production of creamery butter in Canada increased 27.35 per cent. The value of the creamery butter made in 1900 was \$7,210,972, as compared with \$10,949,082 in 1907. In 1900 the average price per pound was 20c. and in 1907 24 cents.

There were four milk condenseries in Canada in 1900 as against seven in 1907. The value of the product of these condenseries increased from \$265,520 in 1900 to \$910,542 in 1907. In 1900 the value of condensed milk imported into Canada was \$254,176. In 1907 the value of the imports was only \$4,840.

## Magistrate and School Commissioner Healed by Zam-Buk.

Zam-Buk by its healing power has earned the praise of men and women in the highest stations of life. One of the latest prominent gentlemen to speak highly in Zam-Buk's favor is Mr. C. E. Sanford, of Weston, King's Co., N.S. Mr. Weston is a Justice of the Peace for the county, and a member of the Board of School Commissioners. He is also deacon of the Baptist Church in Berwick. Indeed, throughout the county it would be difficult to find a man more widely known and more highly respected. He says: "I had a patch of eczema on my ankle, which had been there for over twenty years! Sometimes also the disease would break out on my shoulders. I had taken solution of arsenic, had applied various ointments, and tried all sorts of things to obtain a cure, but in vain. Zam-Buk, unlike all else I tried, proved highly satisfactory, and cured the ailment. I have also used Zam-Buk for itching piles, and it

## BIG MONEY

for agents selling our toilet soaps. Lots making \$5.00 a day. Write at once for full particulars to the SOAP SUPPLY CO., Box 332, Toronto

## YOUR OVERCOATS

and faded Suits would look better dyed. If an agent of ours in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 126 BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

## 1,000,000 SKINS

Highest prices paid. Write for price list. Address: Stiman Menshaw, Deep Brook, A. J. Pattison Co., N.B.

## RAW FURS WANTED

## A. J. PATTISON & CO.

33-35 SCOTT STREET, TORONTO.

Stock Brokers & Financial Agents

## COBALT

and other stocks bought and sold on commission. Correspondence invited. Orders may be wired at our expense.



## THESE FREE

Try selling only 15 packages of our

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Hearts and develop rheumatism. Heart Disease, Bright's Disease and other terribly dangerous ailments; and how any and all of them are cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills is fully shown in the case of Mrs. A. H. Thomson, whose home is at 48 Albion Street, this city.

Mrs. Thomson was, some years ago, taken with Cold and La Grippe and Straining, which affected her Kidneys, and the result was backache, Lumbago, Rheumatism and Heart Disease, which caused both her and her friends grave anxiety.

She had suffered some years when she heard of cures effected by Dodd's Kidney Pills, and bought a box, which she used with such splendid results that she continued to take them till she was cured. Since then she has used Dodd's Kidney Pills in her own family and recommended them widely to her friends, all of whom have warm words of praise for the Standard Canadian remedy, Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Lumbago and Bright's Disease are all Kidney Diseases or are caused by diseased Kidneys. You can't have any of them if you keep your Kidneys sound. Sound Kidneys strain all the impurities out of the blood.

Cumso—"The doctor says I must take plenty of exercise. I don't know whether to try Indian clubs or dumb-bells." Mrs. Cumso—"I wish you would come out with me, and wheel the perambulator a little way." Cumso—"Um; no, Maria. I don't want to overdo the thing at first, you know."

A Successful Medicine.—Every one wishes to be successful in any undertaking in which he may engage. It is therefore, extremely gratifying to the proprietors of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills to know that their efforts to compound a medicine which would prove a blessing to mankind have been successful beyond their expectations. The endorsement of these Pills by the public is a guarantee that a pill has been produced which will fulfil everything claimed for it.

Daughter—"I love him. He is the light of my life." Father—"Well—that's all right; but I object to having my house lit up by him after midnight."

A Nagging Cough drives sleep and comfort away. You can conquer it with Allen's Lung Balm, which relieves hard breathing, pain in the chest and irritation of the throat. Give it freely to the children.

## FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

Eighty per cent. of Ireland's emigrants come to America.

The Countess of Aberdeen lately arrived in Belfast from a visit in Scotland.

A cattle drive took place near Brodford, Co. Clare, 54 head of cattle being driven off the Violet Hill estate.

The body of Hugh McCloskey, a rural postman of county Monaghan, was found in the Ulster Canal at Tyholland.

As a feature of the temperance crusade, a general mission is being

fast as the first instalment of a grant towards relief of distress in the city.

The Bangor Urban Council has passed a vote of thanks to Lady Clannmorris, who has made a gift to them of the Cottage Hospital and grounds.

A considerable improvement is reported in the manufacturing department of the linen trade of Lurgan, one of the chief centres of the Irish linen trade.

The Glasgow steam collier Glasgow, while on a voyage from Neath, South Wales, to Belfast, a fortnight ago, was wrecked on the rocks at Cloughy, Co. Down.

The report of the Irish inspectors of lunatics for 1907 states the number of lunatics under care at the end of the year amounted to 23,718, compared with 23,554 at the end of 1906.

Up to the present 1,250 persons have applied for old age pensions in the Castleblaney and Coothill districts. In the small districts of Crossmaglen the number has reached 500.

Why go limping and whining about your corns when a 25 cent bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure will remove them? Give it a trial and you will not regret it.

Ada—"No; Priscilla will never marry unless she finds her ideal." Ida—"What sort of a man is her ideal?" Ada—"A man who will propose."

No Substitute for "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster, although some unscrupulous dealers may say there is. Recommended by doctors, hospital, clergy and everybody for pleurisy, stiffness, etc.

A man got into a train with a bag of fruit in his hand, and at the first station he called out to a porter: "I say, porter, do you like fruit?" Porter—"Rather." "Then," said the man, "chew the date off my ticket."

A Carefully Prepared Pill.—Much time and attention were expended in the experimenting with the ingredients that enter into the composition of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills before they were brought to the state in which they were first offered to the public. Whatever other pills may be, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of much expert study, and all persons suffering from dyspepsia or disordered liver and kidneys may confidently accept them as being what they are represented to be.

A gentleman who was no longer young, and who never was handsome, said to a child in presence of her parents: "Well, my dear, what do you think of me?" The little one made no reply, and the gentleman continued: "Well, you don't tell me. Why won't you?" Two little fat hands tucked the corners of a pinafore into her mouth, as she said, archly, in a timid whisper: "Cause I don't want to be whipped."

**Black Watch**

Chewing Tobacco

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

2270

over twenty years! Sometimes also the disease would break out on my shoulders. I had taken solution of arsenic, had applied various ointments, and tried all sorts of things to obtain a cure, but in vain. Zam-Buk, unlike all else I tried, proved highly satisfactory, and cured the ailment. I have also used Zam-Buk for itching piles, and it has cured them completely. I take comfort in helping my brother man, and if the publication of my experience of Zam-Buk will lead other sufferers to try it, I should be glad. For the cure of piles or skin diseases, I know of nothing to equal Zam-Buk.

Zam-Buk also cures burns, cuts, ulcers, blood poisoning, ringworm, scalp sores, chapped hands, cold sores, and all skin injuries and diseases. Rubbed well on to the chest in cases of cold it relieves the tightness and aching. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 3 boxes for \$1.25.

The Doctor—"Mrs. Brown has sent for me to go and see her boy, and I must go at once." His Wife—"What is the matter with the boy?" The Doctor—"I don't know, but Mrs. Brown has a book on 'What to do Before the Doctor Comes,' and I must hurry up before she does it."

The efficacy of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup in curing coughs and colds and arresting inflammation of the lungs, can be established by hundreds of testimonials from all sorts and conditions of men. It is a standard remedy in these ailments and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is highly recommended by medicine vendors, because they know and appreciate its value as a curative. Try it.

"My dear," remarked a gentleman, opening the dining room door, "the girl has left the vegetables on the hall table." "Don't be so stupid," exclaimed his wife. "That is my new hat."

Blobbs—"There seems to be a strange affinity between a colored man and a chicken." Slobbs—"Naturally. One is descended from Ham and the other from eggs."

## FREE TO YOU—MY SISTER



surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial, and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week, or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer, if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost my book—"WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER," with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all, old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Painful and Irregular Menstruation in young Ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use. Wherever you live I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases and makes women strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten days' treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address: MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 103, Windsor, Ont.

## 73 Adelaide Street West TORONTO, ONT.

The crown worn by Queen Wilhelmina on State occasions cost about \$600,000.

Anxious Mother—"How is it that you have so much trouble with your housekeeping?" You told me your wife could cook. Adult Son—"She can." "Then what is the matter?" "She won't."

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant to take, sure and effectual in destroying worms. Many have tried it with best results.

Miss Woodby—"So Mr. Smart really said he considered me very witty, eh?" Miss Know—"Not exactly," he said he had to laugh every time he met you."

Dolly—"Molly Wolcott told me a month ago that her new gown was going to be a dream." Polly—"Well, that is all it is, so far. Her husband won't give her the money for it."

A Linctament for the Logger.—Loggers lead a life which exposes them to many perils. Wounds, cuts and bruises cannot be altogether avoided in preparing timber for the drive and in river work, where wet and cold combined are of daily experience, coughs and colds and muscular pains cannot but ensue. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, when applied to the injured or administered to the ailing, works wonders.

Regularly prepared manuscript-sheets were circulated as newspapers in China, Rome and Venice long before the invention of printing.

Children Will Go Bleeding. They come home covered with snow. Half a teaspoonful of Painkiller in hot sweetened water will prevent any ill effects. Avoid substitutes, there is but one. Painkiller—Perry Davis—Beverly, Mass.

The smallest screws are those made in watch factories. An ordinary thumb would hold 100,000 of them.

## FREE TO YOU AND EVERY SISTER SUFFERING FROM WOMAN'S AILMENTS

I am a woman. I know a woman's sufferings. I have found a cure. I will mail, free of charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from women's ailments. I want to tell all women about the cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourself at home, without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for all female weaknesses peculiar to our sex. I want to send you a complete 10 days' treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial, and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week, or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer, if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost my book—"WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER," with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all, old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Painful and Irregular Menstruation in young Ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use. Wherever you live I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases and makes women strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten days' treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address: MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 103, Windsor, Ont.